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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL

U.S. lauds ties with Kingdom

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (Agencies) — U.S. State Department spokesman Hodding Carter has described Saudi-U.S. relations as "positive and beneficial."

In a statement Friday night, the spokesman said these relations were based on "common interests, cooperation and mutual confidence."

Carter added that his country was seeking to further consolidate its relations with the Kingdom, adding that these ties are marked by "understanding and cooperation."

The State Department statement followed a bitter attack on the Kingdom by the new Senate Foreign Relations Committee chairman, Sen. Frank Church, who called for a "fundamental review" of U.S. policy towards Saudi Arabia, "including the advisability of going forward with the F-15 sales."

Church who claimed Saudi Arabia was hindering Middle East peace, said the Kingdom "cannot count on our unequivocal support... without a demonstration on their part that they are responsive to our fundamental concern, the successful conclusion of an Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty."

In a separate development, the Pentagon said Friday that U.S. Defense Secretary Harold Brown will leave Feb. 9 "to visit four Middle East countries to discuss 'our mutual interests in the security of this vital region.'"

Brown will be the first U.S. defense secretary to visit Saudi Arabia, Jordan, Israel and Egypt.

He will fly to Saudi Arabia for talks with senior government officials Feb. 10-12, then move on to Jordan for a day, to Israel for three days, and will wind up in Egypt for another three days.

The Pentagon said Brown has had long-standing invitations to visit the region.



INTERIOR MINISTERS: Saudi Interior Minister Prince Nayef with his Iraqi counterpart Izzat Ibrahim on his arrival in Riyadh Saturday.

Received by Nayef

Iraqi minister starts visit

RIYADH, Feb. 3 (Agencies) — Iraqi Interior Minister Izzat Ibrahim arrived here Saturday at the head of a high-ranking delegation for a six-day visit.

The visit is at the invitation of Interior Minister Prince Nayef.

In an arrival statement, Ibrahim said he was carrying a message for Crown Prince Fahd from Vice chairman of the Iraqi Revolutionary Command Council, Saddam Hussein.

Ibrahim, who is also a member of the council was met at

the airport by Prince Nayef, who said that the visit would be a good opportunity to exchange views on matters of mutual interest between the two ministries.

Ibrahim said that the message dealt with "Arab and international issues that concern both countries," and that his visit takes place "within the context of cooperation and coordination between the two countries."

He described the talks as important and said they would have positive results.

Ibrahim commended the efforts of Prince Nayef in organizing the forthcoming conference of Arab interior ministers which will be held in Riyadh later this year.

"We hope that the conference will achieve positive results in the field of joint Arab internal security work."

While describing the talks as "open," Prince Nayef said that "one of the most important aspects would be a draft agreement of cooperation between the two ministries."

(Continued on back page)

Khomeini warns of violence if Bakhtiar stays in office

TEHRAN, Feb. 3 (Agencies) — Iran's Ayatollah Khomeini declared Saturday he hoped to create an Islamic republic through peaceful means but threatened holy war if the government of Prime Minister Shapur Bakhtiar puts up resistance with U.S., British and Israeli backing.

Khomeini told his first news conference since returning to Iran on Thursday that he would name his provisional government "very soon" and again called on Bakhtiar to resign.

Asked whether he would resort to holy war if Bakhtiar ignored his call, the 78-year-old religious leader of the Iranian revolution said:

"We will try to solve the problem through non-violent means, but if the illegal government of Bakhtiar, with the support of the Americans and British, continues to defy the will of the people and brings in forces from Israel, then we will take other measures to bring it down.... If the moment comes, we will get arms from the proper places."

A holy war, or "Jihad," is fought against infidel enemies, or in the broad sense, against foreign enemies. Khomeini supporters have alleged that Israeli Jews were involved in the forced suppression of past demonstrations against the Shah.

A spokesman for Bakhtiar said the prime minister "preferred not to make any reply" to Khomeini's statements.

But in an interview published in Paris Saturday Bakhtiar was quoted as saying he would order "the arrest and possible execution of those who call for civil war and the taking up of arms" in his country.

In the interview with the French newspaper "Le Matin," he said he would not allow Khomeini to set up a provisional government in Iran. "If he passes from words to action, there will be trouble," the premier said.

He said he had ordered the army not to fire on demonstrators.

"If they want to continue, let them continue, but ultimately it will have to stop," he said. "They can demonstrate every day if they wish...."

"But we will open fire if they parade around with arms and petrol bombs, and Mr. Khomeini will have to take responsibility for this. I will order the arrest, and the execution by firing squad if necessary, of those who call for civil war and the taking up of arms," he said.

Asked what he would do if Khomeini proclaimed a provisional government, Bakhtiar replied, "If he wants to create it in the holy city of Qom, I will permit it. It will be charming.... we will have our own 'little Vatican'."

"But seriously, I am not ready to let him create a real

government. And he knows it," he added.

Of Khomeini's general policies, the premier said "They are absurd because for him everything done over the past 25 years is illegitimate, including the nationalization of oil."

"I said myself that the past 25 years have been odious, dictatorial and corrupt. But to go from one dictatorship to a new... dictatorship... no," he said.

And the Shah said in an interview published in Paris Saturday that he had been too radical in trying to modernize his country but did not regard it as "irremediably lost."

He expressed the view that there was silent majority in Iran waiting to see what happens in the year-old political crisis.

The Shah was interviewed in Marrakesh, Morocco, for the Paris newspaper "Le Figaro."

Iranian journalist Fredoun Sahebjam asked him, "Is everything irremediably lost?"

"Certainly not," replied the Shah, who was forced to leave Iran on an indefinite holiday last month amid bloody street demonstrations demanding his overthrow.

"This is a purely Iranian affair which will be settled between Iranians," he said. "The

world has abandoned us. We must therefore wash our dirty linen among ourselves."

"I have been blamed for overthrowing the structures of an essentially traditional and conservative nation," the Shah said.

"Our effort was too radical and too rapid, perhaps. The mass of the people did not accept this fantastic leap forward," he said.

But he told his interviewer, "Revolution and anarchy are not the only ways to put a brake on development. Is it

(Continued on back page)

Carter, Vance 'studying' next step for M.E. peace

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (Agencies) — President Carter and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance are discussing the next step for reaching a Middle East peace accord, the State Department said Friday night.

Spokesman Hodding Carter said Special U.S. Middle East envoy Alfred Atherton briefed the two U.S. leaders Thursday on his recent attempts to narrow differences between Egypt and Israel over the long-awaited accord.

"We are now in the final stages of the negotiations on a peace treaty between Israel and Egypt, a treaty framed in the Camp David accords," he said.

"We are in touch with both governments through diplomatic channels. The president and Secretary Vance are considering what to do next."

Atherton returned home last week from the Middle East saying that he had not been able to make progress in two weeks of talks with the Israeli and Egyptian governments on

solving lesser issues holding up the agreement.

He said that these issues would have to be discussed in a package at a higher level, along with the major issues of linking the treaty to progress on autonomy for Palestinians on the West Bank.

Spokesman Carter denied at his press briefing that an announcement of a summit on the lines of Camp David between Egyptian, Israeli and U.S. leaders was imminent.

In a related development, Israeli Justice Minister Shmuel Tamir said Saturday that Israel must assure itself of a continuing supply of oil from the Sinai before handing the occupied area back to Egypt under the proposed peace agreement.

Speaking to Israel radio, Tamir said that "following the upheaval in Iran, Israel had lost its chief source of oil."

"It is no secret that we get a large part of our oil from wells we discovered and developed in Sinai," he said. "To

ask us to give these back without making certain of getting future supply from there after what happened in Iran is asking us to endanger our national security."

In Beirut, meanwhile, Palestinian commando leader Yasser Arafat said in an interview published Saturday that Arab oil producers should put economic pressure on the U.S. to change its Middle East policy.

"Unless America is made to feel that its interests are directly threatened, not only in the oil domain but also as regards the petrodollar, it will not alter its policy," he told the independent newspaper "An-Nahar."

Arafat said the Carter administration believes its interests lie with Israel, not with the Arabs. This is due to the failure of the Arabs to adopt a firm line with Washington, he added.

The Palestinian leader dis-

(Continued on back page)

Wants board to rule on pay

Callaghan sees strike solution

LONDON, Feb. 3 (R) — Prime Minister James Callaghan Saturday suggested setting up a government-union-employer board as a way to end some of the wildest pay disputes which continue to play havoc with the country's public services.

He said such an "authoritative institution" could solve over differences in pay between traditionally high and traditionally low-paid workers

such as the one behind the strike by low-paid public service workers that has forced almost half of Britain's 2,300 state hospitals to take only emergency patients.

The hospitals are being hit by striking cleaners, kitchen staff and porters. Some schools were also closed because of caretakers striking. Garbage-men have not collected garbage in parts of London for nearly a month.

Callaghan told a local Labor Party meeting in Newcastle, in northeast England, that the low paid now on strike want higher wages and the higher paid reply: "Let them have it — but don't touch our differentials. They are sacred."

A way must be found to solve the problems of differentials, and the tripartite board might be a way, he said.

The prime minister, who received jeers from picketing public service workers, also renewed his attacks on some union strike action.

"Nowadays strikes are used even before a current agreement has expired. That is wrong. Strikes are used even before negotiations have be-

gun for a new agreement. That is wrong."

He called on the Trades Union Congress to take a lead in finding a solution to the wildest strikes "which make a mockery of bargaining."

Friday Callaghan called union leaders to his offices and told them that wildest strikes were shocking the nation and hurting their Labor Party's re-election chances. The day before he had called some of the strikes "free collective vandalism."

The country's 1.5 million low paid public service employees want rises of 40 per cent. They have rejected an offer of 8.8 per cent, but are to meet local authorities again on Monday.

Callaghan warned, however, that the national government would not subsidize local governments for any settlement beyond nine per cent.

The hospital strikes go on, but Friday one doctor declared hospitals are "better off without the strikers."

"When these people are away the efficiency is improved," said the doctor, Nigel Harris.

Tito calls on Arabs not to 'push' Sadat

KUWAIT, Feb. 3 (AP) — President Tito of Yugoslavia urged the Arabs Saturday to refrain from pushing President Anwar Sadat into concluding a unilateral peace treaty with Israel, government sources reported.

In his first round of talks with Kuwait ruler Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah, Tito also called for a unified Arab stand in any talks aimed at reaching a comprehensive Middle East settlement.

A brief official statement said the two leaders "lacked means of strengthening relations in various fields between the two friendly states and various aspects of international affairs."

But the sources quoted Tito as saying "genuine unanimity and a strong President Sadat should be returned to the Arab ranks if the Arabs are to achieve their goals."

Meanwhile, the Kuwaiti daily newspaper "Al-Qabas"

quoted Yugoslav sources close to Tito as saying a message which Tito received from President Jimmy Carter before embarking on his current four-nation two-week tour in the Arab World dealt with the U.S. position over the stalled Egyptian-Israeli peace talks.

The paper added that Tito intended to offer mediation between Sadat and Arab opponents of his peace endeavors, and that the Yugoslav president may visit Cairo after his tour to brief Sadat on the outcome of his talks.

The 86-year-old Tito arrived here Thursday on the first leg of his tour that will also take him to Jordan, Iraq and Syria.

The diplomatic sources said Tito, who is respected by Arab leaders as the last surviving founding father of the nonaligned movement, will use his prestige to try and bring about a reconciliation between Sadat and the Arab states rejecting his unilateral peace talks with Israel.

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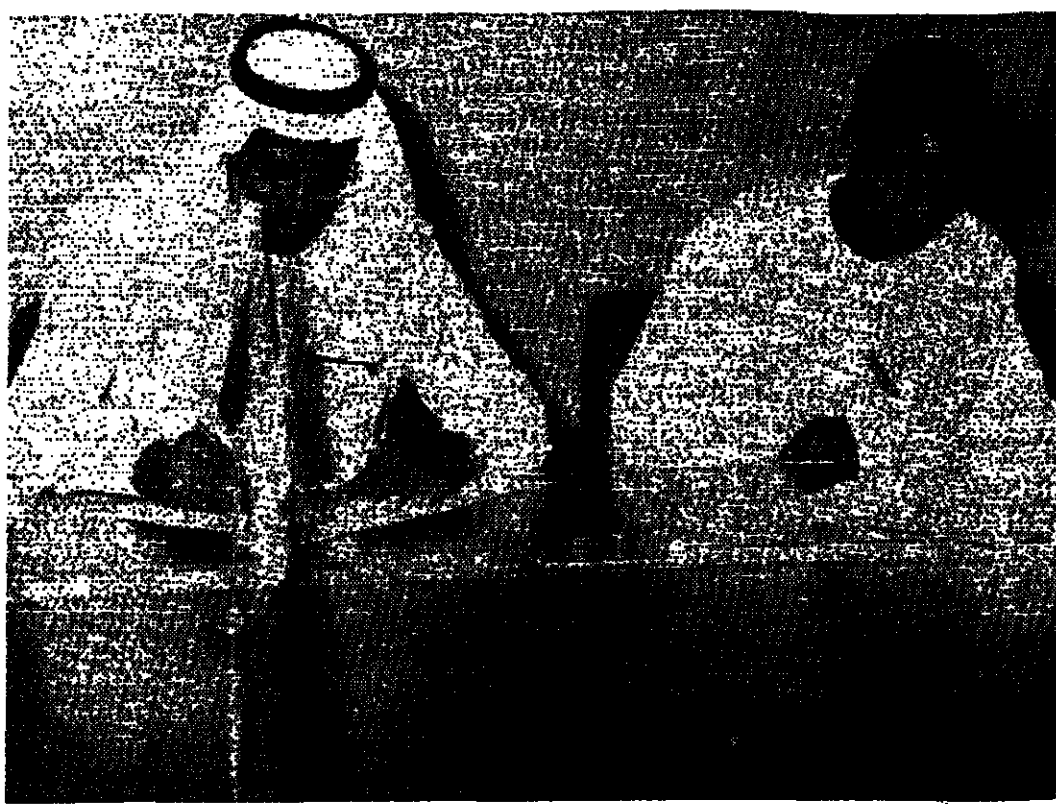
ISLAMABAD, Feb. 3 (SPA) — The Pakistani cabinet has ratified an agreement for the establishment in Pakistan of a \$100 million investment company jointly with Saudi Arabia.

At a meeting Friday chaired by Pakistan President Zia ul-Haq, the cabinet endorsed an agreement signed in Riyadh in December. It follows a similar agreement between Pakistan and Libya for investment in productive industrial and agricultural projects in Pakistan.

Saudi Arabia will provide half of the company's capital.

Last month, the Pakistan government announced that the Saudi Fund for Development would provide a \$92 million loan for setting a thermal power plant near Karachi. The loan is the largest single credit ever provided by the fund.

In Jeddah Saturday, the Islamic Development Bank announced it would finance purchases of oil products worth \$10 million by the government of Guinea under an agreement.



BANK: Islamic Development Bank President Ahmed Muhammad Ali Saturday signing the imports-financing agreement with Guinea representatives.

41m gallons a day

Minister opens island desalt plant

FARASAN, Feb. 3 (SPA) — Minister of Agriculture and Water Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh Saturday opened a desalination plant which will provide 41 million gallons of drinking water a day for this island group, 50 kilometers south-west of Jizan.

An attached electricity unit

will generate 1,500 kilowatts of power.

Speaking on the occasion the minister said that the project, which was carried out in ten months, was similar to projects under way for Duba, Wejh, Abilah and Jeddah on the Red Sea and Al-Khobar and Khafji on the Gulf.

The minister is chairman of the Saline Water Conversion Corporation which plans to install desalination capacity of 600 million gallons a day to supply the whole Kingdom by 1983.

Meanwhile in Qasim, the ministry announced Saturday that last year it had given out SR115 million to livestock breeders and cereal farmers in the region.

Abdul Karim Al-Kuwaili, regional director general for agriculture and water, said Saturday that the ministry had also spent SR3.2 million on incentives for date growers.

The ministry provides SR50 for every palm sapling planted and 25 halhals for every kilo

of dates produced, he said. The Qasim branch of the Agricultural Credit Bank also provides loans for the purchase of agricultural machinery, he said.

60 government officials attend contract seminar

RIYADH, Feb. 3 (SPA) — Education Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khateib, acting as minister of finance and national economy, Saturday opened a three-day training seminar for government officials in negotiation with contractors and consultants.

About 60 government officials are attending the three-day course which is intended to streamline the selection of capable consultants and contractors for government projects.

Dr. Khurweir said that the course should help in more efficient execution of government work.

Dr. Khurweir is acting finance minister in the absence of Sheikh Muhammad Aba-

Islamic fund to seek increase in capital

By a Staff Reporter
JEDDAH, Feb. 3 — A high official of the Islamic Conference Saturday denied that the conference's Islamic Solidarity Fund was in financial difficulties but said that the fund's assets were insufficient for an increasing volume of applications for aid.

Islamic Conference Assistant Secretary General Zafarul Islam said Saturday that the fund, an autonomous agency of the conference, depended solely on voluntary contributions. Unlike the 42-member conference, the fund cannot rely on quotas from Muslim countries, he said.

"The fund's assets are inadequate to handle its increasing activities worldwide and the growing number of applications," Zafarul Islam said.

Speaking after last week's 13th session of the fund permanent council, Zafarul Islam said that the fund is considering requesting Saudi Arabia to increase its annual contribution from \$5.5 million to \$27.5 million.

A decision will be taken at

the fund's next meeting in

March, he said. The fund takes initiatives in providing aid to causes or projects it considers worthwhile, particularly for Muslim minorities. For minorities forbidden financial aid from abroad, the fund provides religious books and other aid in kind, he said.

All organizations that apply for aid are rigorously checked by the fund through conference member embassies or through such agencies as the Muslim World League, the London Islamic Council of Europe and the World Muslim Congress in Karachi, he said.

Each applicant must submit plans, reports and a detailed budget to the fund, he said.

Among major projects funded partly by the fund, Zafarul Islam mentioned the new campus for Omdurman University in Sudan, now housed in the Omdurman Scientific Institute built in 1912.

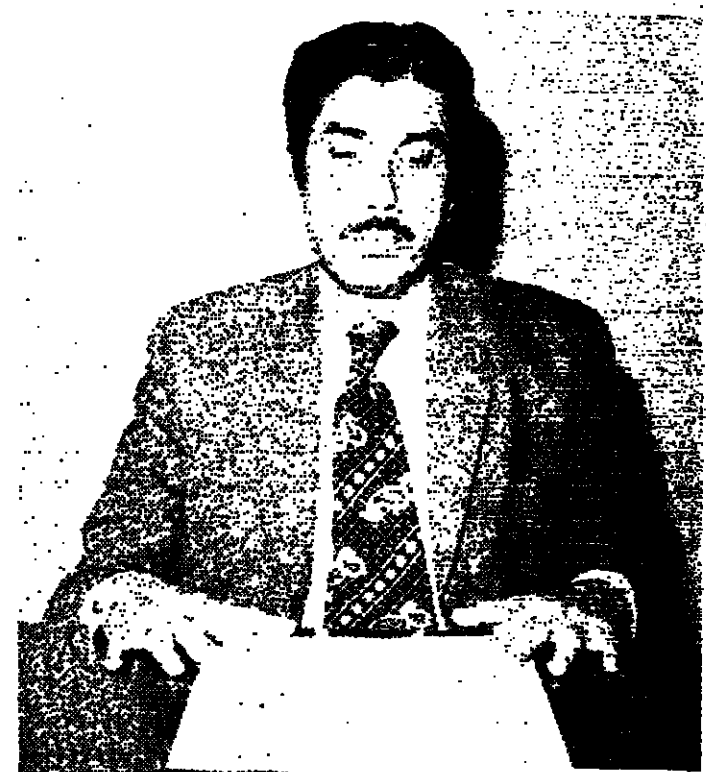
The new campus will be built on an 800 acre area beside the White Nile in the south of the city and is expected to cost nearly SR 400 million.

The first stage calls for the establishment of schools for Islamic studies and propagation. These will be followed by schools of Islamic thought, social studies, arts and literature, Arabic and a women's college and library.

Sheraton

President of the Sheraton Management Corporation, John Kapiokas, has recently concluded a visit to Jeddah where he inspected progress of work on the Jeddah Sheraton Hotel, which is scheduled to open shortly.

During his visit, he also inspected the recently opened Al Hada Sheraton Hotel in Taif. Kapiokas also met with a number of Saudi businessmen and investors during the visit.



Zafarul Islam

A third phase will provide a hospital in Indonesia, and a religious institute in Bahrain. Grants for these projects were made up the Ibn Sina Islamic Hospital at the fund's initiative.

Swede trade minister due today

JEDDAH, Feb. 3 (SPA) — The Swedish Minister of Commerce arrives here Sunday at the head of a 20-man delegation at the invitation of Saudi Commerce Minister Dr. Soliman A. Solaim. During the five-day visit, the Swedish delegation will hold talks with Dr. Solaim, Industry and Electricity Minister Dr. Ghazi Algosabi, Acting Finance Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khateib and Planning Minister Sheikh Hisham Nazer.

Cairo paper lauds Saudi security

CAIRO, Feb. 3 (SPA) — The Egyptian newspaper "Akhbar Al-Yom" Saturday praised "peaceful and stable conditions" in Saudi Arabia as a result of the application of Islamic law. In a full page illustrated article Saturday, the paper said, "under the banner of the Holy Quran, Saudi Arabia has achieved peace and stability for every individual."

Ajman heir arrives in Kingdom

JEDDAH, Feb. 3 (SPA) — Sheikh Humaid bin Rashed Al-Naimi, heir apparent to the Gulf emirate of Ajman, arrived here Saturday on a visit to the Kingdom.

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مكة امه الاص

Ambassador Zahedi cracks down on dissent

Iran Washington mission disciplined

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (AP)—Ardeshtir Zahedi, appointed by the Shah as his ambassador to the United States, has reassured his authority over the Iranian Embassy, which had been a center of diplomatic social life in the capital during his time in office and a center of dispute over Iranian politics during his brief absence.

Soon after Zahedi's brief stopover at Andrews Air Force Base near Washington, 200 young Iranians gathered outside the embassy, protesting against the government of Premier Shapour Bakhtiar. Police arrested 62 of them for violating the law against demonstrating within 150 meters of an embassy.

During his Washington stopover, Zahedi sent a note to the State Department saying that he is resuming his job. At the same time, according to embassy Press Counselor

Ali Akbar Tabataba'i, he wrote a letter to Assad Homayoun, the minister he had left in charge, telling him to go on leave and report at the end of it to the Foreign Ministry in Tehran.

Tabataba'i added that the ambassador will be back on the job Monday, after he has escorted Crown Prince Reza to Lubbock, Texas. The 18-year-old crown prince is resuming a military aviation

course there after visiting his father in Morocco. Nominally "on vacation," the Shah is not expected to return to Iran.

Before leaving Washington last month, according to a State Department official who asked not to be identified, Zahedi had sent a note to the State Department about his firing four members of the embassy staff: Minister Counselor D'far Faghhi and three attaches; Dagher Mousavi, Muhammad Ameri-Nazari and Ali Kiamars Afzali Tafreshi.

Shortly after the ambassador's departure, Homayoun sent a note reinstating them.

Homayoun said earlier Friday that he had taken down pictures of the Shah and his family from the walls of embassy offices and stored them in a room to avoid incidents.

They were put up again on Zahedi's instructions by Tahatahai and Maj. Gen. Mokhatteh Rafti, who is carried on the diplomatic list as "head of secretariat." Homayoun said they had refused to obey his order to take the pictures down a second time, so Friday morning from his home in suburban Bethesda he sent a note to the State Department firing them.

Then the crown prince's Iranian Air Force plane, with Zahedi aboard, stopped off to refuel at Andrews.

Iran hides F-14 parts for security, U.S. says

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (R) — The Iranian Air Force has removed and hidden highly secret electronic devices from its American F-14 Tomcat fighters and their Phoenix missiles for security reasons, American government sources say.

They said the action was taken because of the troubles. Iran has 78 F-14s and 500 Phoenix missiles, some of the most advanced technology in the United States arsenal.

Earlier this week Pentagon spokesman Thomas Ross said, "we are satisfied that the Iranians are providing proper security."

American sources said equipment from the jets and missiles had remained on their bases at Isfahan and Shiraz, but "segregated" for safety's sake.

They acknowledged that American officers had been asked not to go to the bases at certain times, but said this was out of concern that they might be vulnerable to attack by dissidents.

Rabat accuses

Algiers alleged behind Polisario raid

RABAT, Feb. 3 (R) — Morocco has accused Algeria of organizing, equipping and supporting Polisario guerrilla forces which attacked the Moroccan garrison town of Tan-Tan, where the guerrillas claim to have killed nearly 300 Moroccan troops.

In a message Friday to Algerian Foreign Minister Abdel Aziz Boucifika, Moroccan Foreign Minister Muhammad Boucifika said that as in the past Morocco would exercise self-control and not pursue the guerrillas into Algeria, as King Hassan had warned it had the right to do.

Apart from material damage suffered in Tan-Tan, innocent citizens had died the minister said. "These Moroccan national territory was once again attacked and deliberately violated by forces directed, organized and equipped by Algeria, using Algeria for their point of departure, and returning there after accomplishing their crime," the message said.

Morocco had not retaliated with "another aggression just

as blind and brutal" because of the special circumstances in Algeria — a reference to the death of President Houari Boumedienne and the coming installment of his successor.

Algeria supports the Polisario Front movement which is fighting a guerrilla war for independence in the Western Sahara. Spain ceded the territory to Morocco and Mauritania in 1976.

Boucifika said his message was less a complaint than a warning and an appeal to Boucifika's wisdom, bearing in mind that the late President Boumedienne and King Hassan had planned to meet to try to end the Sahara dispute. The meeting was prevented by the Algerian leader's last and fatal illness.

If they had met, he said he was sure they would have reached agreement. Meanwhile, the Algerian government newspaper "Al-Moudjahid" Saturday said Moroccan speculation that the new Algerian leadership would change policy over the Western

Sahara was unfounded.

It pointed out in an editorial that the National Liberation Front Party Congress, which ended on Wednesday, had reiterated Algeria's support to the Saharan people and the Polisario Front's struggle for self-determination and independence.

Kuwait said considering restoration of parliament

BEIRUT, Feb. 3 (R) — Kuwaiti leaders have been exploring the prospects of re-establishing parliamentary life, the leftist newspaper "As-Safir" said here Saturday.

It quoted informed sources as saying Kuwaiti Premier Sheikh Saad Al-Abdullah Al-Sabah and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah have held a series of meetings with Kuwaiti personalities for the purpose. They included Abdul Aziz Al-Sagor, president of the

Chamber of Commerce, and Abdul Rahman Al-Ghaneim, speaker of the dissolved People's Assembly.

The paper said specific suggestions were raised at the meetings, including a proposal that a third of the number of members be appointed by the emir.

The former house, made up of 40 members in addition to ministers, was dissolved and some articles of the constitution suspended in 1976.

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هذه امنه لخص



TEHRAN: Crowds along the road between Tehran and Mehrabad Airport Thursday awaiting the return of Ayatollah Khomeini from Paris. One of the Shah's closest confidants and his ambassador to Washington, Ardeshtir Zahedi, Friday cracked down on dissent in his embassy.

Cairo aide said to scoff

News unit expels Egypt, Sudan

CAIRO, Feb. 3 (R) — An official Egyptian source Saturday described a decision by the 14 member Union of Arab News Agencies to suspend the membership of the Egyptian Middle East News Agency (MENA) and the Sudanese news agency (SUNA) as illegal, the semi-official newspaper "Al-Ahram" said.

The decision was taken Friday by a meeting of the union in Beirut on the grounds that the two agencies had failed to pay overdue subscriptions.

The Egyptian source said the union decision was "illegal and has come from a body having no power."

The source added that MENA had boycotted the union meetings ever since 1977.

when Iraq, then the host country of the union's meeting, refused to receive the union's chairman who is also the chairman of MENA.

News agencies represented at the three-day meeting were from Lebanon, Iraq, Syria, Kuwait, Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania and South Yemen. The Palestinian news agency Wafa was also represented.

The conference called for a constructive dialogue with foreign news agencies and information media to establish a balanced and objective flow of news that did not distort facts about Arab countries. It recommended exchanging

technical know-how and establishing better coordination among Arab news agencies.

It said Arab information media should depend on Arab news agencies as a main source of news.

Police sweep Istanbul for slayer of journalist

ISTANBUL, Feb. 3 (AP) — Security forces widened their search to outlying suburbs of Istanbul Saturday for the assassin of one of Turkey's most influential newspaper editors.

Abdi Ipekci, 50, editor-in-chief of the Istanbul daily "Milliyet" was shot dead in his car Thursday night when he stopped at a traffic light near his home in a fashionable Istanbul district. The lone gunman fled in a waiting car.

Ipekci's assassination stirred strong public condemnation of the politically motivated terrorism that has swept the country since 1975, claiming more than 1,400 lives — and 1,000 of those in 1978.

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File two names for election

Dissidents to contest Soviet vote

MOSCOW, Feb. 3 (AP)—A grassroots group called "Election '79" said Friday it will put up two candidates to run for seats in the Supreme Soviet to test the freedom of the Soviet election system.

Group president Volodya Sichyov and Western correspondents here the effort is the first to try to place more than one candidate on the ballot for any one seat at a national level.

The group, which claims 28

members ranging from street cleaner to geology professor, has submitted registration forms for dissident historian Rya Medvedev and Ludmila Aganova, a woman who has been trying for four years to join her defector husband in Sweden.

Medvedev, a reform-minded Marxist who was drummed out of the Communist Party in 1969, is to oppose Bolshoi Ballerina Natalia Bismertnova. Mrs. Aganova is challenging a

judge.

Medvedev, an expert on Soviet law, said that under laws passed by the Supreme Soviet last year any group can offer candidates. But in practice the Central Elections Commission prints only one name on the ballot per post, almost invariably the candidate of the Communist Party.

Medvedev said his candidacy is not a form of dissent. The 53-year-old scholar is often criticised by human rights ac-

tivists here for holding views too close to those of the Soviet establishment.

This week, the chairman of the Electoral Commission for the Supreme Soviet Elections Alesei Shibaev, said there was no need for a choice of candidates because "only the very best" were selected for the ballot.

Fewer than half the members of the Supreme Soviet are members of the Communist Party, but all are approved by local party committees.

While this system has been questioned at the local level, Medvedev said by telephone, it has never been tested for the Supreme Soviet, the nation's parliamentary body. He did not attend Friday's press conference.

Soviet president Leonid Brezhnev, Premier Alexei Kosygin and other leaders are all Supreme Soviet members.

The organizers admit their chances of victory are slim.

"It's very important to start somewhere," said Sichyov, a 33-year-old photographer. "We are going to test Soviet democracy to see if it works."

Ethiopia looks 'beyond politics' for aid with development plan

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (AP)—Ethiopia seeks "genuine" contributions—meaning not politically inspired—of international support for a new nationwide development program, an Ethiopian diplomat says.

Tibebu Bekele, the Ethiopian charge d'affaires in Washington, said Friday Mengistu Haile Mariam's government will announce in the next day or so the amount of aid it already has been promised by "socialist and fraternal" countries.

Bekele said the program is to "declare war on Ethiopia's age-old enemies—hunger, poverty, disease, illiteracy, wastefulness and all other legacies of the reactionary past."

He was unable to provide any figures on how much the program is likely to cost, or how much of it will be paid for through foreign assistance.

It is to begin with a one-year project aimed at sharply increasing food production for domestic use and for export, Bekele said, in which state-run farms are expected to increase their production by 100 per cent.

Western hands slapped over Namibia voting

MAPUTO, Feb. 3 (R)—Foreign ministers and senior officials from 25 non-aligned states have condemned the five Western powers for failing to prevent South African supervised elections in Namibia last December.

The delegates, concluding an eight-day conference of the non-aligned movement's Coordinating Bureau on southern Africa, also called on their heads of state to give the Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance full membership of the movement at their Havana summit next September.

And also Friday the internal wing of SWAPO stated categorically that it was committed to United Nations supervised elections in the territory.

"We do not think this is an excessively ambitious target," he said, adding that every aspect of the agricultural production plan has been worked out "down to the last detail" in terms of cost and manpower.

Bekele said Ethiopia would welcome assistance from non-socialist countries and from international organizations as well, as long as they are "genuine." He defined that as "a contribution which does not have political motivation," and said the government "certainly would turn down" any aid that it saw as inspired by big-

power strategic considerations.

"This program represents a challenge to those who tend to preach human rights but do little to provide the help that is the meaning of human rights," Bekele said.

He said there have already been discussions with the United States about the program, and quoted unnamed State Department officials as having called it "exciting" and "worth consideration." But he said there has been no determination as to whether the United States would offer any special aid.

Faded punk star

Vicious' life: short, sad, sordid

NEW YORK, Feb. 3 (R)—John Simon Richie's short, unhappy life ended Friday with a heroin overdose just a day after he decided everything was getting better.

He was a Londoner who grew up scorned and a scapegoat. In defiant irony the boy who was beaten by others chose to call himself "Sid Vicious."

Notoriety and money both came his way when he joined the Pistols, a group which created a wave of popularity with a nihilistic new style of music called punk rock.

On stage he performed next to Johnny Rotten, vomiting and hurling abuse.

The Pistols had their shock value and moments of fame but then broke up. Sid Vicious settled in New York.

The public generally forgot the spiky-haired musician until last October, when once again he hit the news.

It was then he was charged with murdering his friend Nancy Spungen after a night on drugs.

Police said he both denied and admitted killing Miss Spungen. He was said to have stabbed her with a hunting knife he had bought to protect himself from fellow patients at a local drug addiction clinic.

The police said he admitted



LONDON: Sid Vicious and Nancy Spungen, whom he was accused of killing in October. Vicious died Friday, apparently of a heroin overdose, abandoning Miss Spungen as she lay dying in the bathroom of their hotel room. Asked

why, Vicious, 21, replied, "because I'm a dog."

He was freed on \$50,000 bail, but was jailed again after he got into a nightclub argument with a musician whose face was slashed with a mug.

Finally he was granted bail for a second time and Thursday he was released.

"I saw him in the afternoon and he was saying how he was going to help in his defense when the case came to trial," said his lawyer, James Merberg, after learning of Vicious's death of a heroin overdose.



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VIENNA: Extremist fighters protest the expiration of the statute of limitations on Nazi war crimes outside the West German Embassy this week. Twice renewed already, 1979 is now the date for Nazi crimes to be free from prosecution. (AP wirephoto)

Mediterranean pollution topic of coastal nations' Geneva talks

LONDON, Feb. 3 (R)—The Mediterranean coastal nations yet hopes gradually to decrease its contributions until the work is fully supported by the concerned governments in 1983.

The 18 states agreed in 1975 to three treaties to protect the sea from pollution, but have had to pay very little so far to put these accords into action.

United Nations Environment Program (UNEP) executive director Mostafa Tolba said of the coming six-day session:

"Just how serious the Mediterranean coastal states are about protecting their sea from pollution...will be squarely tested by their willingness, or unwillingness, at the Geneva meeting to continue their cooperation begun so successfully at Barcelona in 1975 and to face up to their responsibilities."

UNEP is asking them to agree to a two-year work plan and to raise among themselves \$2.25 million this year and slightly less in 1980 to cover the costs.

UNEP will pay up to

\$750,000 for the work for 1979, yet hopes gradually to decrease its contributions until the work is fully supported by the concerned governments in 1983.

Since the Mediterranean "action plan" was launched in 1975 UNEP has contributed \$7.3 million compared with the \$175,000 put in by all the participating governments, though the governments also have made available laboratories and scientists for the monitoring work.

UNEP believes that the shoreline nations derive the benefits from the sea and must accept the responsibility for its protection.

The nations will also discuss where to site UNEP's Mediterranean Coordinating Group, now located in Geneva. Spain has offered Barcelona or Madrid; Greece has offered Athens; and Monaco and Beirut are also candidates.

The three Mediterranean agreements include a general pollution protection accord and

more specific documents covering dumping by ships and oil spills.

Yet the countries have failed to agree on control of land-based pollution, including factories and sewage, which accounts for about 85 per cent of Mediterranean pollution.

Legal and scientific experts will meet in Geneva in the spring in another attempt to agree on such an operation, which will cost an estimated \$5 billion over 10 to 20 years.

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17 seamen said missing in China waters wreck

HONG KONG, Feb. 3 (AP)—Seventeen seamen on board a Greek freighter which sank in Chinese waters are still missing, a Hong Kong newspaper reported Saturday.

The English-language "South China Morning Post" said the 3,917-ton Albireo ran aground Wednesday near a Pearl River estuary, caught fire and sank "with its fore section still above water."

The paper said, without giving sources, scanty information reaching here indicated Chinese rescuers were still combing the area for possible survivors.

It said the freighter, believed to be under Chinese charter, was believed to have a crew of 24, but their nationalities were not known.

Seoul sees North no ready for Korea talks

SEOUL, Feb. 3 (AP)—It is unlikely that North Korea will resume any time soon because North Koreans are apparently "not ready," a Seoul spokesman for the North-South coordinating Committee said today.

"I don't think we can expect any favorable response from North Korea for some time," Lee Dong-Bok said.

Lee said there had been no response from Pyongyang Wednesday, when South Korea called for convening the session of the Coordinating Committee, and recognized by Pyongyang of the "break" between the two capitals, off by the North in August 1976.

The committee was set up in 1972 with representatives from both sides as the first for this three rounds of hold that year and the But the Communists pulled in 1973.

Lee said the official North Korean Central News Agency and Pyongyang Radio both been filled for the few days with endorsements by various Communist organizations of the "nation congress" proposed month by the North Korea. But they have not mentioned Seoul's request to reconvene the committee or connect hotline.

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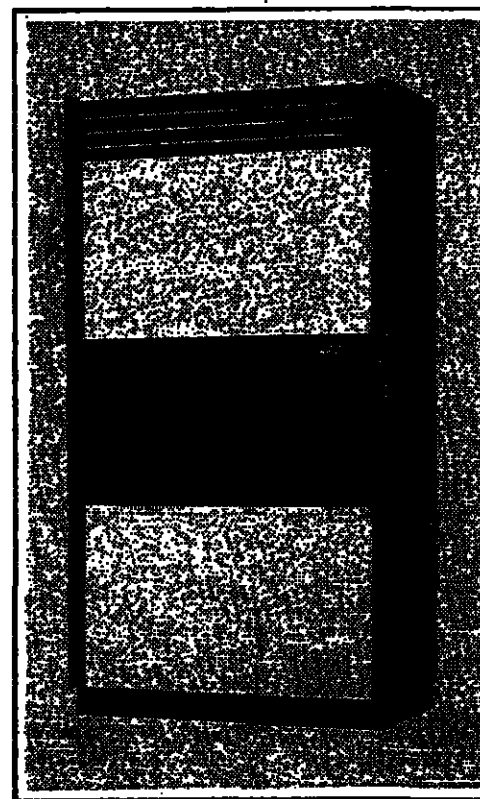


Fig. 1 Model PA-5A

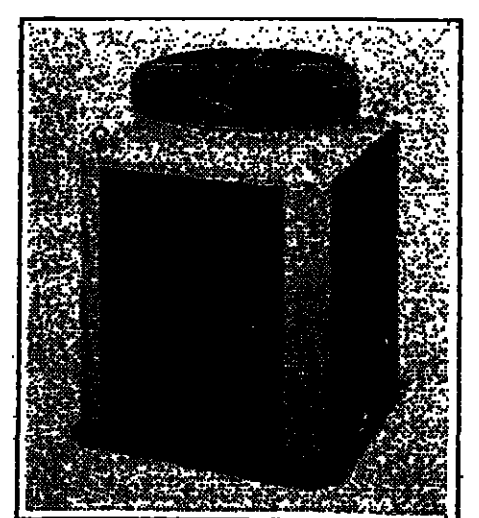


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FEBRUARY 1979

Pol Pot forces claim besieging provincial seats

BANGKOK, Feb. 3 (Agencies)—The toppled regime of Pol Pot on Saturday claimed victories against surrounded Vietnamese troops in provincial capitals throughout the country and said its forces were pressing hard against Phnom Penh and the seaport of Kompong Som.

The voice of Democratic Kampuchea's battle report, suspected by many analysts to be an exaggerated version of Cambodian combat, said a major drive by soldiers loyal to ex-Premier Pol Pot against the seaport began last week and that a large petroleum plant was seized Jan. 30.

The broadcast, believed coming out of China, said the Vietnamese were only in control of two places—Veal Ring and Kompong Speu—on Highway Four which connects Phnom Penh with Kompong Som and the Gulf of Siam.

Victories were also claimed at Siem Reap in the northwest, Kompong Thoo and Kompong Chhnang in central Cambodia, Koh Kong, Takeo and Kampot in the southern sector of the country and around the capital city.

Even the casualties claimed inflicted on the Vietnamese were not large and the fighting was often described as consisting of ambushes and sharp counter-attacks.

Pondicherry protests stall merger proposal

NEW DELHI, Feb. 3 (AP)—India's Prime Minister Morarji Desai has begun backpedaling on his plan to merge the former French colony of Pondicherry, famous for its beverage trade, with adjoining states after its inhabitants took to the streets in violent protest.

Retracting from his plan to merge the tiny former colony with neighboring states in "the interest of political stability," the prime minister said there would be no change without ascertaining the wishes of the people of Pondicherry.

"They do not want to lose their way of life (nor) their economic status," said Mahammad Abdullah Saik, the territory's administrative representative in New Delhi.

Police stations and government offices were attacked and set ablaze during four days of rioting recently that left two persons killed and at least 11 wounded in the south Indian territory.

"Merger is not just an emotional issue," said a committee quickly formed to oppose Desai's plan, which was announced by the 82-year-old leader in a surprise move in late January.

Pondicherry, made up of four bits of land in south India, enjoys an average income that is six times the national average of \$160. Its residents

One glimpse of a war seldom seen by outside observers came from a photographer for the English-language "The Nation Review" who visited a military camp of the Pol Pot military.

He said the soldiers at the camp near the Thai frontier showed no signs of giving up and were resorting to guerrilla warfare, using both conventional weapons and makeshift gasoline bombs and the like.

"We are fighting a guerrilla war. We surround the Vietnamese and launch lightning attacks on them. We destroyed a number of their tanks," the photographer quoted the leader of a group numbering between 140 and 150 soldiers as saying.

The group was armed with AK-47 and M-16 rifles, a few grenade launchers and the bombs of gasoline in soft drink bottles, he said.

The "Nation" photographer said the 35-year-old Cambodian camp leader admitted there were large-scale killings of Cambodians by the Pol Pot government.

In Washington U.S. officials say the United States will encourage Thailand to stay out of the fighting in Cambodia when Thai Premier Kriangsak Chomanad confers with the Carter administration next week.

They fear there would be a "leveling" of their living standard down to that of the neighboring states if the merger went through.

Despite claims that they are fighting to retain their French heritage, reports from Pondicherry say its 550,000 inhabitants are more concerned with preserving their lucrative beverage business.

The main enclave is located on the coast of the "dry" state of Tamil Nadu, an oasis serving up frosty glasses of beer and bottles of fermented coconut milk to thirsty day-trippers from across the open border.

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TRACTORCADE: A procession of tractors carrying protesting farmers to Washington D.C. makes its way through the morning mist of Virginia. The 15-mile long convoy originated in Amarillo, Texas, and joined others before reaching the capital Feb. 2.

Cellmate says Letelier suspect planned to blast Russian ships

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (R)—A Cuban exile, who was said to have boasted of being involved in three assassination attempts against President Fidel Castro, plotted to blow up Soviet ships in American ports, a court was told here Friday.

Richard William Alvin Ross, accused with two other Cuban exiles of being involved in the murder of former Chilean Foreign Minister Orlando Letelier.

A government witness said Ross told him of plans to attack Soviet ships by using remote-controlled speedboats loaded with explosives, but there was no evidence that the alleged plot was ever carried out.

The witness, Sherman Kaminsky, a convicted extortionist, shared a cell with Ross in a New York jail last year.

"Ross talked and talked and talked," Kaminsky said during a hearing to determine whether his testimony can be submitted as evidence at the trial.

Kaminsky said Ross boasted that during one of three attempts on the Cuban president's life, he fired a bazooka at Fidel Castro's motorcade but missed the car in which he was traveling.

A former member of Haganah, a Jewish guerrilla group which fought for Israel's independence, the witness said he was approached by Ross before he was recruited to spy for the U.S.

Nor were Carlo's "employers" identified, although it was clear they were probably operatives for U.S. intelligence.

The article, described as a "documentary story" written by Vladimir Vostokov, emphasized that Carlo had not known the exact nature of his assignment when he was recruited in the United States to bury a "small plastic suitcase" in a Soviet patch of woods.

But when confronted by Soviet authorities with the spying device, Carlo said in practically a whisper: "I'll tell you everything about my damned life, and about those who have given me this 'work...'" the newspaper reported.

It was not clear from the article whether Carlo was officially arrested, or whether he is still in the Soviet Union.

The newspaper said Carlo was informed of the job while he was standing in a long line at the unemployment office in an unidentified U.S. city.

cause of his military expertise. Kaminsky denied he was providing information about Ross in exchange for a reduced sentence in his extortion conviction.

"Alvin Ross stands for everything that I dislike as a human being. There is no doubt in my mind that he is a dangerous man...who could create an international incident," Kaminsky said.

Prosecutor Eugene Propper told the court that the Cuban defendant had also told Kaminsky he was involved in the plot to murder Letelier, an exiled opponent of the Chilean military junta.

Letelier and Mrs. Ronni Moffitt, his American assistant at the Institute for Policy Studies, were killed when a bomb attached to their car exploded as they drove along Washington's Embassy Row on Sept. 21, 1976.

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U.S. picks contractor for new missile

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (AP)—The U.S. Defense Department has chosen Raytheon Co. and Hughes Aircraft Co. to compete for an award of full-scale development of an advanced air combat missile designed to help U.S. warplanes achieve air superiority from the mid-1980s on.

Raytheon received a \$39.1-million contract while Hughes Aircraft Co. was awarded a \$5.4-million contract.

Each of the contractors will design, manufacture and flight-test 16 of the advanced medium range air-to-air missiles and present a price proposal for full scale development.

When this phase is complete, in about 33 months, the Pentagon will pick one of the two contractors to move into full-scale development, which could be worth between \$300 million and \$400 million.

Indonesia mounts anti-graft drive

JAKARTA, Feb. 3 (AP)—A total of 4,743 government officials and others have been detained since June 1977, for investigation of alleged corruption, J. Batusta Sumarlin, vice chief of the anti-graft operation said Saturday.

Stolen Dutch painting recovered

PARIS, Feb. 3 (AP)—"The Conjuror," a 475-year-old painting by the Dutch artist Hieronymus Bosch insured for more than \$700,000, was recovered by French police Friday just as the presumed thieves were to have negotiated for its disposal officials said.

Californians awakened by tremor

EUREKA, Cal. Feb. 3 (AP)—A moderate earthquake shook sleepers awake early Saturday. It rattled some windows here but left no serious damage or injuries. The quake, which struck at 1:58 a.m. local time (0941 GMT), measured 4.8 on the Richter Scale, according to the University of California Seismograph Station in Berkeley.

Convicts to die for killing inmate

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 3 (AP)—Nine imprisoned convicts have been sentenced to death by the supreme court here for strangling another prisoner with belts last Friday. Justice P.W.E. Baker found the nine guilty of murder with no extenuating factors.

Rebel attacks kill 5 in Nicaragua

MANAGUA, Feb. 3 (AP)—Five persons were shot to death Thursday night in attacks by guerrillas believed to be members of the Sandinista National Liberation Front, police said Friday. Earlier in the day, troops of the National Guard shot into a crowd of demonstrating students in Leon and wounded some of them, student leader Carlos Peralta Miranda said.

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SEN. FRANK CHURCH

Senator Frank Church of Idaho has never been considered a close friend of the Arabs. But one would have hoped, now that he holds the powerful post of chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, that he would at least try to maintain an open mind on Middle East issues and pursue an evenhanded policy on the vital questions affecting the peace and stability of the region. It appears, however, that Senator Church has other, more pressing matters on his mind — perhaps a bid for the presidency in 1980 or 1984. In his recent speech before a Zionist gathering in Florida, Mr. Church made a series of irresponsible statements about the Arab states in general and Saudi Arabia in particular. He charged that the Kingdom was an "obstacle" to a Middle East peace, and said, incredibly, that "now is precisely the time to inform the Saudis that a special relationship cannot be a one-way street." And he added ominously that Saudi Arabia "cannot count on our unequivocal support."

Mr. Church's comments betray an almost unfathomable ignorance about Middle East realities — which is particularly saddening, since, as foreign relations chairman, he is presumably kept abreast of the political, strategic and economic forces at work in the Middle East. To accuse Saudi Arabia of blocking peace efforts is to misunderstand totally the Kingdom's role in the Arab world and the complex interactions of regional politics. To imply that the Saudis are exploiting the "special relationship" with the United States is to turn reality on its head. In fact the Kingdom has done more for the United States than any country could reasonably be asked to do, in the hope that America would respond by pressing for a comprehensive peace and by taking actions that promote long-term stability in the Middle East. To threaten an end to American support for the Kingdom at a time when the Arab Gulf states are most in need of U.S. reassurance is to undermine American foreign policy objectives and indeed the national interests of the United States.

Senator Church's speech reads like a document prepared by the Israeli Foreign Ministry. One must assume its purpose was to curry favor with the American Jewish community, in order to build political support for some future presidential campaign. It is curious that Mr. Church, who represents a state with no real Jewish constituency to speak of, should be so enthusiastic a supporter of Zionist objectives. The same could be said of Senator Henry Jackson of Washington. Are senators like these truly committed to the goals and aspirations of the United States, or are they political opportunists, who have latched on to a cause for the sake of the fat campaign checks and national political support that accrue from such a posture?

Senator Church's stature in Washington has diminished in recent years. Political pros faulted him for his conduct during last year's congressional debate over the sale of jet aircraft to Saudi Arabia. At that time, Mr. Church engineered a Senate compromise on the F-15 question, and then backed out of the compromise at the last minute to protect his standing with the Israeli lobby. The senator from Idaho has lacked the courage of his convictions, and has played the petty politician at times when he should have demonstrated vision and statesmanship. We would hope that he would reconsider the course he has chosen for himself, and give more serious thought to his country's national interests, rather than playing to the gallery of a special interest group that has shown little regard for the requirements of America's future.

Eritrean unity

By Margi Bryant KHARTOUM —

A pamphlet released last week in Khartoum by the newly-formed joint political leadership of the two Eritrean liberation fronts, the ELF and the EPLF, sets out the main points of the unity agreement reached on Jan. 27.

The agreement, says the pamphlet, is an attempt to improve on the two previous agreements, of October '77 and March '78 which ended in failure.

This time there are to be two major innovations. One is the decision to form a unified army under a joint command.

The command will draw up a master strategy for the war in Eritrea and operate from a joint headquarters in the field. This is intended to avoid the lack of coordination, or worse, outright clashes, that have plagued Eritrean military operations so far.

The other new move is a much closer degree of political coordination. Instead of clinging to their separate ideologies, the two fronts will try to thrust out a unified political stance.

Classes and discussion groups

for fighters and civilians alike, which have so far been organized separately by the two fronts, will now be held jointly. But there is no talk of de-escalating operations in the field. Indeed, the pamphlet urges the need to intensify the armed struggle to counteract Ethiopia's recent successes, and to strengthen Eritrea's bargaining position in any peace negotiations.

The pamphlet, written in Tigrinya, is being circulated among Eritreans in Khartoum and is to be distributed inside Eritrea as soon as possible.

Reaction in Khartoum to the unity agreement is enthusiastic, despite previous failed attempts. Liberation front members here are saying that the main danger to unity this time may come from a third Eritrean organization, the breakaway People's Liberation Front led by Osman Saleh Sabe.

Sabe's group has not been included in any of the unity talks. The present agreement, like that of October '77, refuses to recognize his group and invites his followers to join either of the main fronts. — (G)

"THEY KEEP TALKING ABOUT LIFE AND DEATH — WE'VE GOT MONEY AT STAKE HERE!"



Afghan guerrilla camp

By Peter Niesewand

PESHAWAR, Pakistan. — Afghan dissidents have established guerrilla training bases inside Pakistan in a bid to intensify fighting against the Russian-backed Tarraki regime which seized power in Afghanistan last year.

The guerrillas are receiving at least a measure of support from the Pakistani authorities, despite official insistence that Pakistan is remaining strictly neutral over the troubled situation across its border.

A training base north of here — about 16 kms from the border — is run by the fundamentalist Afghan Islamic Party, Hizb-i-Islam. The Pakistanis have handed over to the party a freshly-painted military camp which was reputedly used during the Bhutto regime as a torture center for political opponents. The camp is run by a major who deserted from the Afghan army four months ago, and it is guarded by Pakistani soldiers. Some vehicles belonging to the Pakistani Army are still parked in the camp, and it is not clear whether the guards are there for these alone, or also for the Afghans. However, the training is going on under their noses, and the authorities cannot be unaware of it.

Pakistan is in a serious dilemma. On the one hand, it fears official Afghan intentions towards it, particularly now that Russia is so closely involved with Tarraki's administration, and Pakistanis are hoping to improve relations with their neighbor. Yet at the same time, Pakistan has problems of its own with right-wing religious organizations demanding that something be done to crush Tarraki and bring about a true Islamic state in Afghanistan, have the economy brought into line with Islamic dictates and a new penal code introduced.

In any case, there is little Pakistan can do to prevent refugees and dissidents from organizing guerrilla groups. Much of the activity takes place in the tribal areas on the border, where Pakistan has no jurisdiction. These areas still operate under treaties introduced during the British Raj.

There is no evidence that Pakistan is arming the dissidents, or actively assisting with their training. The Hizb-i-Islami representatives deny direct Pakistani help, and say that the money, arms and assistance they are receiving — including two new four-wheel drive jeeps — came from party supporters. They are critical of Pakistan for not doing enough to help the refugees, about 32,000 of them so far, who have poured over the border to escape purges and the fighting.

The barracks have been newly-painted white and grey, and are spotless. In the front, are neat lines of white tents, which provide sleeping accommodation for the overflow.

The number of men, apparently fluctuates daily, as guerrillas cross over the border to rest, or to replenish their supplies.

The major who runs the camp produced his Afghan military identification papers, issued about ten years ago, which showed him then to be a captain. He asked that his name and home village be kept secret, as his wife and four children were still there. "I have had news of my family," he said, "and they are well, but the police have told them not to

leave the village."

According to the major, all his men were party members in Afghanistan, and were trusted. He said there were a total of 2,000 educated men being trained in various camps inside Pakistan.

At the Hizb-i-Islami party headquarters in Peshawar, officials said they had spent more than 400,000 pounds sterling on weapons and ammunition so far.

The military situation in Afghanistan remains confused. Two Islamic parties are waging guerrilla war against the Tarraki administration: Hizb-i-Islami, and Jamiat-i-Islami, which claims that fighting has broken out in Parwan and Kapisa, just north of Kabul. Jamiat-i-Islami said the Afghan Air Force had bombed villages in the area but that the guerrillas had killed a number of soldiers, and had captured equipment and trucks. The party claimed that its men had also cut the road between Parwan and Kapisa.

Recently there have been reports of clashes elsewhere in Afghanistan, the most serious of which are said to have been in the Kunar Valley, near the border with Pakistan.

However, other clashes are claimed by the guerrillas as far north as Badakhshan, and as far south as Paktia, with fighting also going on in Uruzgan, southwest of Kabul.

The Hizb-i-Islami party says it has received reports that Afghan pilots have now been sent to Russia for training on MY-24 helicopters, which can carry 120 rockets. The party said these would be used against dissident villages. — (G)

saudi press review

Criticizing Senator Church's attack on the Kingdom-Jordan and the Palestinians, "Al-Bilad" in a frontpage analysis said: "those who have followed the senator's history of support for Israel realize why he made such statements at this particular time."

"He knows that the American Administration has failed to come up with precise answers to many questions posed by the states of the region so that there might be a proper dialogue on the way to a peace treaty."

"He knows that President Carter's forthcoming visit to the region and some Arab leaders' visits to Washington, may create new situations which may not serve Israeli interests."

"His attempts to relate the failure of the Asherton mission to current events in the region aim at persuading the Administration to exploit the situation in favor of Israel and impose a peace that satisfies it and this

is something unacceptable to the Arab states."

"Al-Jazirah" said that the situation in Iran "is fraught with dangers of a civil war now that Khomeini has returned to the country and is not willing to support or bless the existing government of Prime Minister Shapour Bakhtiar. Today (Saturday) the Iranian crisis reaches the pinnacle of gravity as the two adversaries stand facing each other while the country braces itself for a possible confrontation. The principal loser in this war will be the Iranians themselves, who have already lost their unity and are now on the verge of a destructive civil war."

The paper appealed to Iranian leaders "to exercise maximum restraint in the interests of their country and people."

"The situation in Iran calls for a state of maximum alert," according to "Al-Riyadh".

"The historic circumstances of the region make it imperative for the leaders of the countries in the region to face the dangers ahead through a military and political unity. This would be better than fragmentation which would only tempt those outside to pounce on the states of the region under the guise of some ideology or slogan."

"Okaz" said "the present dangers in Iran lie in Soviet attempts to exploit the Islamic movement in the country for its own ends. The Soviet Union and the Iranian Communist party (Tudeh), have come out openly in favor of a class struggle and internecine warfare. Besides, Communism is trying to hitch onto the Islamic movement to exploit the internal turmoil for its own sordid interests. To them, Islam in Iran is a means to an end which is a communist regime in the country."

The paper exhorted Muslim leaders in the country to be on

Andrew Young on the PLO

WASHINGTON —

Following are excerpts from the transcript of the controversial interview with Ambassador Andrew Young, U.S. ambassador to the U.N. conducted earlier this month by the staff of "The Inter-Dependent," a publication of the United Nations Association (UNA). Young's comments on the PLO and the Palestinian cause drew a hostile reaction from American Zionist leaders, prompting the Carter administration to reply that they only represented Young's "personal views."

Q: Speaking about the relationship between the General Assembly and the world, you mentioned that our role as an honest broker in the Middle East has given us some credibility in the Third World and more respect. Yet the General Assembly passed a resolution calling for a convening of the Geneva Conference; passed a resolution calling on the Security Council to cut off arms to Israel; passed a resolution, against the wishes of the U.S. which would make the PLO a conduit for U.N. development assistance. Is the General Assembly out of touch with the world?

YOUNG: No; maybe we are. Because while we are an honest broker between Israel and the Arab states, we don't have any effective relationship with the Palestinian people. Now, I'm not advocating a particular kind of relationship with the Palestinian people, but the U.N. is overwhelmingly a place which supports the underdog. And anybody that is perceived as the underdog is going to get the majority support of the nations of the U.N.

Senator Abraham Ribicoff came back from a meeting one time and said, "Gosh," he said, "You'd think that the U.S. and the Soviet Union should have some influence in the U.N. But they don't have nearly as much influence in the U.N. as the PLO." It's easy to disagree with that. And yet, I think that the relationship that the PLO has had to the U.N. has been one of the things that has made it possible for there to be some moderating influences present in the whole Palestinian equation.

That the people who are representing the PLO at the U.N. are very skilled politicians and very intelligent decent human beings. Hopefully, they would win out in a battle for the leadership of the Palestinian cause and not those elements of the PLO that feel that the only way for them to survive is through a sustained campaign of terrorism and leading to the destruction of Israel.

Tokyo and Thailand

By Sam Jameson

TOKYO — Japan has approved a new and bigger loan package with better terms to Thailand following a complaint from Thai Prime Minister Kriangsak Chomanan about Japanese aid to Vietnam following the Hanoi-backed invasion of Cambodia.

The new loans will have both a longer grace period and a longer period of repayment. But Japanese Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira did not respond to Kriangsak's criticism that Japan was offering lower interest rates on loans to Vietnam than to Thailand.

Kriangsak had described Thailand as "standing on the Asian frontline of the free world against the threat of Communism." A broader hint from the Thai leader that Japan reconsider a decision made last year to provide for aid loans to Vietnam produced no specific response from Ohira.

In its new action, Japan approved a two-part aid package amounting to \$200 million in loans for 1979. The new loans amounted to \$3.3 million more than last year and gave Thailand a grace period of 10 years before repayment must start. The total repayment period was set at 30 years.

The grace period and the total repayment period for the new loans are the same as for a \$51.3 million loan that Japan approved for Vietnam last year.

But the interest rate to Thailand remained the same as for previous loans to Bangkok, 3.25 percent. By comparison, the loan to Vietnam carried an interest rate of 2.75 percent.

Earlier Japanese loans to Thailand carried a grace period of only seven years and a repayment period of 25 years. — (LAT)

tion of Israel.

There has been a de facto recognition of the political process to liberation by those elements of the Palestinian cause that work with the U.N.

Q: The U.S. doesn't recognize. doesn't deal directly with the PLO ...

YOUNG: That's right ...

Q: ... and in its attempt to work out a settlement in the area has not dealt with them. Hasn't the U.N. enhancement of the PLO as a political entity given them a stature that has sort of frustrated the U.S. approach for working out a peace in the Middle East?

YOUNG: I think realistically the PLO not only has captured the imagination of the Palestinian people, evidently, but they also have a tremendous influence within Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Syria — certainly Iraq and Lebanon, well, Lebanon and Iraq not in the same category, but that is the reality. We may not like it; we don't recognize it. But it doesn't make it any less true.

Q: Should we recognize them?

YOUNG: I think we should have some way of relating to the Palestinian people. How we do that I think is a matter for discussion. And we really haven't reached a conclusion on that. But I would say that overwhelmingly the reason for our not having relations with the PLO is probably because of Israel. I don't necessarily quarrel with that, because I think that Israel is going to have to make the decisions about how it's going to relate to the Palestinian people. Now, it has made one attempt through the development of a political process on the West Bank and Gaza. It can evaluate the success or the failure of that. That may or may not be a satisfactory approach, according to the people there involved — the million and a half Palestinians essentially inside Israeli-controlled areas. But there are probably another two million or more Palestinians in other parts of the Middle East. And I think what we're seeing, and I think the frustration of the Camp David accord is essentially being accomplished by Palestinians who feel as though it does not give them the kind of representation and guarantee they need to assure their future or any concept of self-determination. And that's what I think we're working on.

Q: Then is that really an adequate framework for a Middle East peace?

YOUNG: I think the framework is adequate, see. The problem is that people see it in different things. In any peace process, leaders are required to move toward each other to reconcile their differences. But in the process of moving toward their former adversaries and enemies they find themselves moving away from their own people, so that every leader involved in any kind of peaceful negotiation has got to bring his own constituents along.

Now, the Palestinians, who feel left out, really don't see the move that Israel is making. The direction of peace. Not because it's not there, but because they hear the things that Prime Minister Begin may be saying to reassure his own citizens. And everybody has tended to look at the worst. The Arabs have felt that President Sadat sold out the Arab cause, or betrayed the Arab cause. It's obvious that Israel doesn't even want to go along with what the Arabs are viewing as a betrayal of the Arab cause. So what you really have to deal with now is not something that is wrong with the document, but the negotiations, but you have to deal with the perceptions about the Camp David accords that are coming from extremely opposite positions.

Ambassador Herzog here reminded me one time that it took us 14 years, to negotiate a resolution of the difficulties with the Panama Canal treaty, and we are an extremely powerful, secure nation and that's thousands of miles from our borders. Israel and Egypt are right next to each other, and the decisions that they're negotiating affect their immediate survival as well as their long-term future. So it's not going to be easy.

I like to remind people who are always looking for peaceful solutions that solve all their problems that they don't have peaceful solutions with their own children, and between husbands and wives. They negotiate an accord and establish a framework in which they live together and hopefully peace will grow. But on any given day, in any given household, there's liable to be a significant tension between husbands and wives, between parents and children. And it's unrealistic to think that there will not be tensions between nations who have a history of thirty years of hostility. I mean, that's not going to be written off at a moment's notice just because it's a right and good settlement — which it is. — (Inter-Dependent)



Elderly sailor to girl's father: In addition to the dowry I will pay you SR. 2,000 for every year your daughter is younger than I am.

أخبار العرب

The science of sand dune behavior

By Robert Fraga
You throw the sand against the wind, and the wind blows it back again.

—William Blake
DHAHRAN — For Dr. Edwin McKee, sand — and the way wind "blows it back again" — is the focus of an intensive and absorbing study.

The subject on which Dr. McKee lectured recently at the Aramco Oil Exhibit Theater — sand dune behavior — has concerned him for two decades.

The topic is far from dry as dust: Dune behavior is complex, and its systematic investigation began only recently. Reginald Bagnold, a physicist working for the British Army during World War II, was one of the first to explore the subject. His book, "The Physics of Blown Sand," broke virgin ground when it appeared. Bagnold has been credited with turning back the German general Rommel by developing desert routes which British vehicles could safely use. The Afrika Corps, unlike Bagnold, failed to appreciate the difference between the treacherous

leeward slope of a sand dune, where jeeps and trucks could get stuck, and the windward side, where a crust capable of supporting the weight of military traffic formed.

For ten years, relatively little was done to follow up Bagnold's pioneering effort.

Dr. McKee's interest in sand dunes accelerated in the 1950s while he was working in Denver, Colorado as head of a program to develop paleotectonic maps. This program involved reconstructing the history of earth, geological period by period, in a series of stages.

McKee, who graduated from Cornell University in 1928, had worked as chief naturalist at the Grand Canyon in Arizona, a post he held for 11 years. Although he has lived most of his life in Arizona and Colorado, the man has traveled to Libya and Namibia as well as to Brazil. In all these countries, he has pursued his research on sand dunes.

Professor McKee's experience with Saudi Arabia dates back to the mid 1960s when he was invited to study dune structure, texture, and movement near Zalkim, a town which

lies about half way between Jeddah and Riyadh. Here he recorded the structure of a star dune, so named because of its shape. In work assisted by the Saudi government, McKee first moistened, then dug trenches into a dune. The question of what he found was more easily asked than answered. Stated crudely and oversimply, he found that the layering of sand indicates the various directions the wind has been blowing.

Wind direction and the behavior of dunes are intimately related. In Zalkim, the wind comes principally from three directions, and this variety makes possible the star pattern of the dune. "Siel" (sword) dunes, which lie in parallel rows, form in the presence of two perpendicular wind directions. McKee first studied these in Libya where he employed a technique known as peeling: Liquid rubber is painted onto cheesecloth suspended over the sand. The rubber penetrates the cloth, and upon drying, reveals the strata of the dune.

How fast do dunes move? That depends, of course, on several factors, but McKee has measured movement of dunes

in White Sands, New Mexico, of 18 to 25 meters a year. Downwind dunes move much less rapidly. The shape of dunes in regions where wind comes mainly from one direction changes as one moves downwind: First one encounters what are known as "dome" dunes, then "transverse," "bar- chan," and finally "parabolic" dunes. The latter are formed principally by the retaining powers of plant roots. The geological classification of dunes is based on their shape, but their study ranges over aspects as disparate as texture and stabilization.

Stabilizing the movement of dunes is of paramount importance in regions like the Sahel in North Africa and the Rajasthan of India, where the spread of sand jeopardizes indigenous agriculture. Techniques used to halt the swallowing-up of valuable farmland include planting — which has achieved a measure of success in North Africa — and building drift fences. McKee hopes to experiment with the fence methods in Saudi Arabia. Another technique seems particularly appropriate in the

Kingdom, that of spreading oil on the dunes. Experiments may be carried out here with this technique as well.

Edwin McKee, who still works for the U.S. Geological Survey, is presently in Saudi Arabia as a consultant to the new Research Center of the University of Petroleum and Minerals. He is collaborating with the Center's fledgling sand study program, which has embarked on a series of experiments to probe the structure, texture, and stabilization problems of dunes.

Dr. McKee, who is a great believer in field work, spoke glowingly of new wind measurement devices developed by Dr. Stephen Fryberger of the Research Center. These were tested recently in the Great Sand Dunes of Colorado and will soon be deployed in dune study in Saudi Arabia.

The age of satellites has opened up another attack on the study of desert formations. Landsat imagery makes possible comparison between different regions and times. Satellite trajectories are precise — a given point is photographed at regular 18-day intervals — and the images are uniform

BOOKSHELF

Modern Arabic Short Stories.

Oxford University Press, 1976.

By F.W. Rawding
JEDDAH — This selection of 20 short stories has been assembled and translated by Denys Johnson Davies.

The short story is a relatively recent phenomenon of Arabic literature and it has tended to flourish in those Arab countries which have been more open to European influences, especially Egypt, Lebanon and Syria.

The modes of classical Arabic have undergone a sea or change through the efforts of some outstanding modern authors, like Taha Hussein and Naguib Mahfouz, so that the contemporary language can accommodate the shifts of mood and subtleties or creative fiction. This has permitted the faithful description of Arab life and the precise relation of Arab attitudes.

Writing in this revitalized

Arabic, these spinners of tales, whatever their lands of origin, share in the unique cultural and linguistic unity of the Arab world.

This collection of stories holds a rich variety of styles and moods — some comic, some tragic, some fantastic, some profound. It casts a great deal of light on the Arab personality, a subject which has baffled and which continues to puzzle even the well-disposed stranger. A sensitive reading of the growing corpus of translated Arabic fiction will improve an outsider's understanding of the Arab outlook.

Here is a sample of the work of Yahya Hakki, a distinguished Egyptian writer who has explored very deeply the conflicts which emerge from an experience of both western and eastern ways of life. It is from "Mother of the Desolate," and it describes the "descending of the last steps of the ladder of life" by the

character, Ibrahim Abu Khalil.

"Just before I got to know him he used to occupy the corner of the pavement in the square facing the shop of the Turk who sold halva. There he would sit with a basket containing radishes, watercress and leeks. His cry was simply 'Tender radishes, fine watercress.' His face told of none of the various upheavals he had been through or the buffeting he had had in his innumerable occupations. Such people take life as it comes; each day has its individual destiny, each day passes and dies — like them — without legacy. They enter life's arena with their sensitivity already dead. Has it died from ignorance or stupidity or from contentment and acceptance? Their eyes do not even blink at the abuse showered down at them. Yet you must not be too hasty in judging in case you should be unfair. Had you

known him as I did you would have found him a sim-

ple-hearted person, genial, polite and generous."

"Mother of the Desolate" is a good example of the reflective quality of many of the stories in the collection. There seems to be more than a meed of sadness, pessimism and disillusionment in the observations of life of most of the writers. Maybe this is a true reflection of the Arab personality, although one suspects it is more true of a particularly sensitive group of people writing in an acutely socially conscious way.

There is humor, certainly, but of the wry, ironical, satirical, self-mocking kind.

One does not find the robust merriment which comes from the world of "Punch" and the "New Yorker." But then, it could be argued, Arabs in the contemporary world have a lot less to laugh about.

Chicken Little Associates opens shop

By Thomas O'Toole

WASHINGTON — A consulting service, "Chicken Little Associates," opened business here last month. Its purpose? To alarm clients into thinking about what could happen when Skylab falls from orbit in the next 18 months.

"Nothing this big has ever broken up in the atmosphere before in the 20-some-odd years things have been flying in space," said Alex Fraser, one of two Washington computer experts who are forming Chicken Little Associates. "We want to let people know what's going to happen when this big 80-ton beast breaks up and falls back to Earth."

To hear Fraser and his col-

league, Sam Greenlaw tell it, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration isn't telling it like it is. The space agency has said most of the pieces of Skylab that survive the heat of friction from the atmosphere "may be floating like leaves" by the time they strike Earth, a simile that doesn't impress Fraser and Greenlaw with its precision.

"The way we figure it, the largest Skylab chunks may strike the Earth at 2,000 feet per second," Greenlaw said. "That's not much slower than the velocity of a rifle bullet when it leaves the barrel."

Three things about Skylab worry Fraser and Greenlaw: Its 3,000-pound lead safe that protected film from cosmic

ray damage, its 20,000-pound airlock and its thousands of solar cells that could shower the earth with glass when they break up in the atmosphere.

"I can't think of anything they could have put up," Greenlaw said, "that could do more damage when it falls to Earth than that lead safe."

The space agency says the chances of anybody's getting hit by a piece of Skylab are as remote as they'd be getting hit by a meteorite. Again, Fraser and Greenlaw don't like the comparison.

"That comparison was made for people living anywhere on Earth," Fraser said. "But for the people who live right under Skylab when it breaks up the chances are about 16

million times greater, about one in 150 to be precise."

Of course, there's an excellent chance that Skylab will break up over one of the world's oceans and do no damage to anybody or anything. But Fraser and Greenlaw don't like those chances either, which is why they think their computerized service estimating Skylab viewing, arrival and breakup times for media and municipalities everywhere will sell briskly.

"When this thing starts breaking up, it's going to light up the sky," Greenlaw said. "Every police department in its flight path will get a phone call. They can't afford to be without our service." — (WP)

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	Tu	1730	1835
	Wed	0635	0740
	Wed	1730	1835
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	Fri	0635	0740
	Fri	1730	1835
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	Sat	1730	1835
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Doha	Mon	0650	1040
	Wed	1200	1720
Dubai	Mon	0825	1505
	Wed	0825	1505
	Fri	0630	1135
Frankfurt	Tu	0210	0745
	Wed	0210	0745

From Jeddah

Destination	Day	Dep	Arr
	Th	0155	0605
	Fri	0210	0745
	Sun	0210	0745
Geneva	Mon	0900	1255
	Sat	0900	1255
Istanbul	Th	1315	1645
Karachi	Mon	0615	1315
	Mon	0900	1450
	Mon	1445	2200
	Mon	2215	0530
	Tu	1445	2200
	Tu	2215	0530
	Wed	0630	1345
	Wed	2215	0530
	Wed	2340	0530
	Th	0630	1345
	Th	2215	0530
	Fri	0615	1205
	Fri	1100	1650
	Fri	1445	2200
	Fri	2215	0530
	Sat	0630	1345
	Sat	2215	0530
	Sat	2340	0530

Destination	Day	Dep	Arr
	Sun	1215	1805
	Sun	1445	2200
	Sun	2215	0530
Khartoum	Mon	1100	1130
	Tu	1100	1130
	Wed	1100	1130
	Th	1100	1130
	Fri	1950	2020
	Sat	1100	1130
Kuwait	Tu	0730	1240
	Wed	0615	1010
	Fri	0730	1240
	Fri	0825	1240
	Sat	0700	1240
	Sun	0615	1010
London	Mon	0815	1215
	Mon	0900	1430
	Tu	0815	1215
	Tu	0845	1420
	Wed	0845	1225
	Wed	1140	1540
	Th	0145	1545
	Th	0245	0625
	Fri	0145	0545
	Fri	0845	1420
	Sat	0145	0545

Destination	Day	Dep	Arr
	Sat	0900	1430
	Sun	0815	1215
	Sun	0845	1225
Paris	Mon	0100	0700
	Mon	1010	1720
	Tu	0130	0725
	Tu	0845	1315
	Wed	0100	0700
	Th	0100	0700
	Th	0900	1450
	Fri	0845	1315
	Fri	1310	1900
	Sun	0715	1315
Port Sudan	Tu	1415	1400
	Fri	1415	1400
Rome	Mon	0100	0405
	Mon	0800	1040
	Wed	0100	0405
	Th	0100	0405
	Th	0800	1040
	Fri	0800	1040
Stockholm	Th	0155	0920
Tunis	Wed	1010	1530
	Sat	1010	1320

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Chicago's music scene

The Blues have run dry

By Hollie L. West

CHICAGO — The Blues envelopes this sprawling city like a dense, suspended cloud. In almost every neighborhood, the South Side, West Side and North Side, the wailing cry and moaning lament of the Blues is shouted in slickly decorated lounges and dimly lit bars.

For more than half a century Chicago has been the Blues capital, the city where hundreds of thousands of Afro-Americans have migrated from Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Arkansas over the last two generations in search of jobs in the steel mills and stockyards. And in this great migration came thousands of Blues singers who wanted to test their mettle against the best.

Eminent performers such as Muddy Waters, Sunnyland Slim, Little Brother Montgomery, Jr. Wells, Buddy Guy and James Cotton still live here. But most can't afford to work here. The wages are too low.

It's a case of supply and demand. This city has more Blues clubs and performers per square foot than any other place — and not enough people to listen.

Times have not always been tight. A decade ago, the Blues revival was in full swing. Bluesmen from both city and country were lionized and played to huge audiences in nightclubs and at outdoor festivals. British groups like the Beatles and Rolling Stones drew directly upon the Blues for material and added the azure and teal shades of the Blues to pop music. White Americans like the Paul Butterfield Blues Band and Mike Bloomfield Group dipped deeply into the Blues bag.

But the good times dried up. First, it was Soul that was big. Now it's disco. And many Bluesmen, resentful of their plight, aren't working.

Still, on Friday and Saturday nights the clubs here are crowded with people out for a night on the town — people who've chosen the Blues over a movie, concert or play.

At Buddy Guy's Checkerboard Lounge on the South Side recently, the atmosphere crackled with jangling guitar and piercing harmonica sounds. The audience was a swirling mixture of middle-aged, blue collar blacks, white urban graduate students and young professors from the nearby University of Chicago, callow undergraduates affecting the look of poverty, and hip professionals.

A man in a gray tweed jacket, rimless spectacles, and blond hair parted down the middle shape the backs of several black men. They all know each other. Soon, like many others, he goes out and returns with an order of barbecue from one of the many hickory smoke pits on the avenue.

"Yeah, we get a lot of different people in here," says Guy, who's owned the place for six years. "Sometimes we get visitors from places like Tokyo or Paris. They just want to say they've been here in Chicago and heard the real thing."

At about that time, a representative of "the real thing," Jr. Wells, a dynamo of a harmonica player and Blues shouter, steps on the bandstand, joining the group led by Phil Guy, Buddy's brother. His high-crowned beaver hat gives him the look of Little Lord

Fauntleroy.

As if enacting a ritual, Wells, 44, methodically unrolls a swath of denim cloth with pockets for his array of various-sized harmonicas. He selects one and the group eases into a slow, grinding Blues, Wells moans:

"Hey, Baby, I'm going to will my love to you — everything's going to be all right — I ain't never gonna let you go."

He throws his head back on the last line, pokes out his lips and makes a "woof, woof, woof" sound like a playful puppy. The audience screams for more. So Wells delivers "Come on in this House."

The harmonica man leaves almost immediately for Theresa's, a prominent bar farther south, where he works full time. He stops by the Checkerboard frequently to see his pal, Buddy — they used to perform together — and sit in.

Not as famous as B.B. King or Bobby Bland, Wells has nonetheless shaped his own personal style and created a loyal following in his 33 years of performing.

"The white kids say I'm going commercial," he smiles, flashing a gold cap on a front tooth. "I say there's no limitation to the Blues. I just want to express my feelings through my music. It's a scuffle out here. The Blues aren't popular as they were back in the '60s."

A decade ago, Wells and Guy led a band that attracted fans all over the country. They toured Europe and had some listeners in Japan.

It was the height of the Blues boom. Urban white students at universities in Michigan, Wisconsin, New York and California produced Blues festivals featuring many backwoods Bluesmen, some of who hadn't been heard from in years.

But times have changed. Like an ebbing tide, the Blues receded to the Afro-American sections of Chicago, Detroit, Houston, New Orleans and other industrial cities with large black populations. The Blues aren't heard very much on radio or at festivals these days.

"Chicago has gone dry," says Wells. "There're so many musicians out of work. I put some of it on the backs. They should support their own musicians. Most of the people who come to hear us at the festivals and the clubs are white."

His is a common complaint — that blacks play the Blues, but whites support it. No one has made a formal study of this trend, but there is no disputing it. Many young blacks see the Blues as a painful reminder of a servile past; others say the spirit of the Blues, rural in tone and introspective in outlook, doesn't reflect the feelings of contemporary blacks.

But no pet explanation fits. Even as Jr. Wells stood talking in Theresa's, his home base for 22 years, the Saturday night crowd was largely black, people in their 30s and 40s who'd put on their stepping-out clothes and were having a good time doing the boogie and the grind.

Theresa Needham, owner of the club, says her business has remained steady because most of her customers are older. "But it's a different thing with those clubs that depend on the youngsters," she says.

Guy, a first-rate guitarist and singer who performs frequently at his club, says, "I've

been able to keep my head above water. Willie Dixon told me the other day that even though the club isn't doing a million, at least it's known in Tokyo. And it's giving some work to some musicians."

"In the '60s our music did well with the white market. But then clubs started closing all over Chicago, especially after the riots. Lots of clubs were burned. That's one reason why I opened this place — so we'd all have some place to work."

Guy emphasizes that the Blues scene has been hurt by the death of two Chicago record companies, Chess and Veejay.

"The other companies don't bother with us," says Guy. "It's like people who come in here. They might order the same drink for months. Then they'll switch to something else. People nowadays want to hear disco music on the radio."

Willie Dixon whose 1,000 songs, including "Hoochie Coochie Man," "Little Red Rooster" and "Seventh Son" make him one of the most prolific Blues songwriters, says,

"Radio stations segregate the Blues. They want to keep black people ignorant of their past. And black people don't communicate enough with each other. That's why we don't get along as well as we should."

Dixon, 63, has started writing songs that make social commentary. He just produced an album with a cover showing the world as an egg being hatched by a caucasian dove ensnared by a snake.

"The dove tries to keep peace, but the snake won't let it," says Dixon with a soft smile. "Whites create cars, but cause pollution."

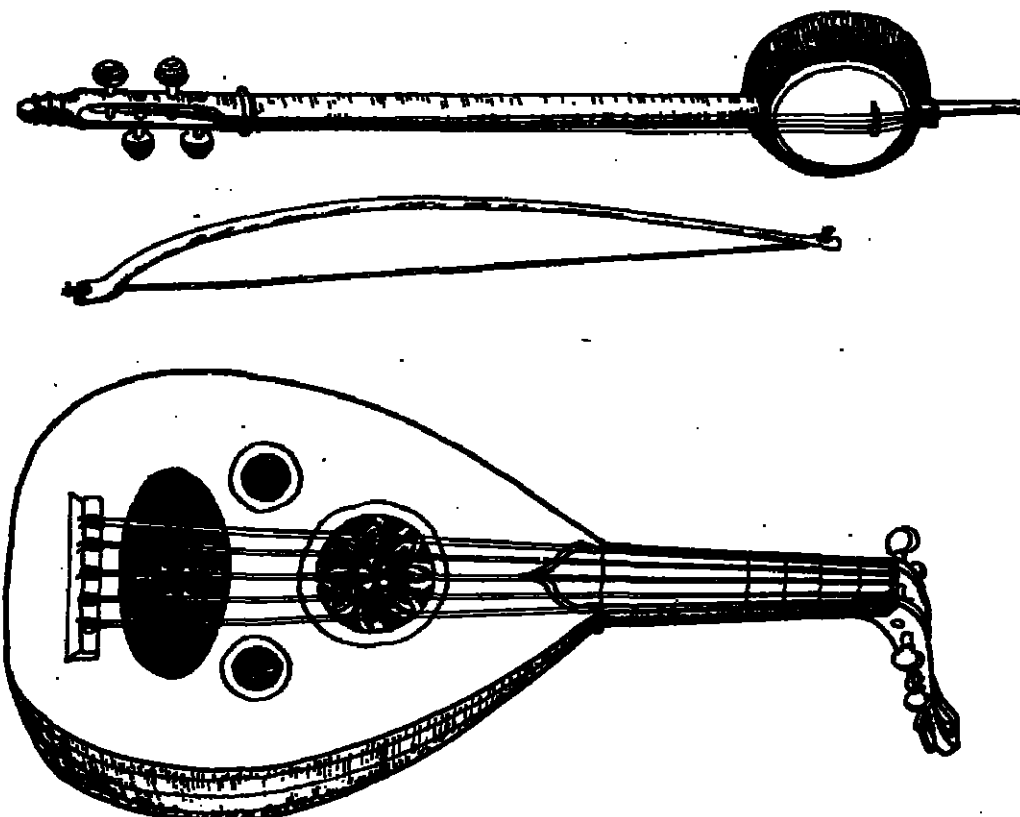
"The Blues was made for us to communicate with each other. The Blues is a beautiful feeling. I like the Blues because I grew up with it. And other people like it — I just came back from playing a Blues festival in Mexico City."

The imposing Dixon is one of the fortunate. The royalties from his songs help support him and his family. He also operates a workshop on the West Side. Musicians come by on Saturday afternoon to exchange information and play with each other.

Jim O'Neal, editor of "Living Blues", a magazine published here, points out that most Bluesmen have to work day jobs in order to earn a living. Playing music at night is necessary for their emotional well-being but useless for buying groceries.

Bluesmen have known dry spells before and they've always managed to hold out until times got better. They nurtured and refined their art during the Depression years of the 1930s, when most people were trying to forget the Blues. They also kept cool in the 1950s while witnessing the dilution of their art by popular musicians playing rhythm and Blues.

However, Bluesmen may be facing their most formidable challenge. The Blues is more probably a music of the past — of a time when America was dominated by small town and farm life, slow-moving communications and easy-going lifestyles. B.B. King and Bobby Bland may smooth over the rough edges of their music by singing more ballads than Blues and adding string ensembles to their background, but they still don't attract the large audiences of blacks commanded by Barth, Wind and Fire or the O'Jays. — (WF)



Arab music event in San Francisco

By a Staff Reporter
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — Residents of San Francisco, California, will soon have an opportunity to sample the fruits of Arab music, past and present, at a free lecture-performance at the California Academy of Sciences.

The musical event, slated for the evening of Feb. 9, will cover "the entire history of Arab music," and will include demonstrations of various instruments and performance by several prominent Arab musicians, according to the Arab Cultural Center of San Francisco, which is sponsoring the event.

At center stage will be Dr. Jihad Racy, Lebanese musician and composer, who now teaches musicology at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA). Racy will be accompanied by drummer George Debaie, veteran of radio and theater in Jordan, and now instructor of classical Arab percussion at San Francisco State University.

A/so performing will be La Corte Musicale, a quintet inspired by the Arab-Spanish performers of 13th-century Andalusia.

The lecture-performance has been arranged "in an effort to enrich the appreciation of Arab music and understanding of its historical development," the Arab Cultural Center said.

The program will open with the music of the Umayyad period (7th century A.D.), proceed to the Abbasid music of Baghdad and Andalusia (750 to 1492 A.D.), and conclude with a treatment of Arab music from the Ottoman period to the present.

Racy and his fellow performers will demonstrate a number of traditional Arab musical instruments, including the oud (the forerunner of the lute), the mizmar (a double-reed flute), the mijwiz (double-reed tubes), the rababah (a spiked fiddle), the darabukkah (a clay drum), and the daf (a shallow frame drum with or without cymbals).

Racy, who will narrate the program, performed extensively on Lebanese radio and

television before moving to the United States in 1968. His U.S. appearance have included two concerts at Town Hall, New York City; the Smithsonian's folk life program in Washington in 1975; and a performance with Debaie last summer at Fort Mason's World Music Center.

Racy composed the music that accompanied the exhibition of Egypt's Tutankhamun treasures in Seattle, Washington.

La Corte Musicale draws its inspiration from the court of King Alfonso the Wise, who ruled Moorish Spain from 1254-1284 A.D.

The quintet employs the oud, a two-stringed fiddle, an Arab drum and alternating voice techniques in their performances.

Debaie, a popular performer during his years in Jordan, is now in great demand at Arab-American gatherings throughout America.

All of the musicians are donating their time to the free performance in Golden Gate Park.

Drug companies in the Third World

By Ian Guest

GENEVA — A resolution was passed by the executive board meeting of the World Health Organization (WHO) here last month welcoming collaboration between WHO and drug companies over the controversial question of drug sales in the Third World. Despite this, the relationship remains one of deep distrust and suspicion.

For three years WHO has argued that drugs absorb large proportions of limited health budgets, but do not get at the real roots of illness in poor countries.

This has brought it into conflict with large multinationals. Drug sales of the three Swiss giants (Hoffman La Roche, Sandoz, Ciba Geigy) in 1976 were worth \$2,894 billion. The Third World's drug bills in 1981 could reach \$6 billion.

Three years ago, when WHO began to narrow down a list of 210 "essential substances," the International Federation of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Associations in Zurich issued a sharp rebuke and warned that such a policy might be "detrimental to health care," and could stultify medical research into new drugs.

Despite this, WHO went ahead and invited governments to make use of the list in formulating their health policies.

This is now starting to bear fruit. At a meeting in Fiji last December, representatives from 15 countries in the South Pacific, mainly small islands, drew up a list of some 330 substances. Their first concrete action will be bulk purchasing, which cuts down individual costs.

"This is particularly necessary for islands like Tonga, which with a population of 90,000 doesn't have one single private pharmacy," explains Dr. Nakajima, of WHO's drugs division.

A related project, launched by the 1976 Nonaligned Summit, is looking at the possibilities for regional cooperation in

the manufacture of drugs. WHO, for its part, is considering extending the concept of an "essential list" to surgical instruments, and pondering a Chinese suggestion at the recent executive board meeting to include herbal medicines in the list of drugs.

But the main concern has been the search for a modus vivendi with the companies. Shaken by the adverse publicity, the Swiss giants last May wrote to Dr. Haldun Mahler, WHO's director general, offering to make ten essential products available in the Third World on special terms. This was taken to include lower prices, but the details were left for follow-up meetings.

Company representatives complain that who has still not taken up the offer. "We're growing impatient, especially since our main business is with countries like the U.S. rather than Ruanda," says one.

Although WHO officials feel the proposal must be examined at length, the companies still feel that WHO is bent on destroying their markets in the Third World and extracting trade secrets. An Indian speaker at last month's WHO executive board meeting asked that details of rabies vaccine be made available.

One area where cooperation could be particularly valuable is tropical disease, WHO has a research program into six tropical diseases. One of them, malaria, affect some 150 million people a year. Certain species of carrier mosquitoes have developed resistance to pesticides, and anti-malarial drugs.

This program has a budget of \$25.5 million for 1979 and involves 28 representatives from the drug industry. And yet, it too appears dogged by fundamental disagreement.

WHO officials resent the fact that private industry spends a mere \$30 million each year researching medicines for tropical diseases, which affect millions, while almost \$2 billion

is spent on all drug research, much of it for esoteric diseases. — (R)

Boom time for Egypt's falconers

By Shyam Bhatia

CAIRO — Egyptian falconers are riding the crest of an economic boom which in the space of a few years has transformed some of them into extremely wealthy men. The boom is based on an 800-fold increase in hawk prices since 1970 and which in turn has made hawk-trapping a highly popular pastime in many Nile Delta villages.

Increased hawk-trapping has also brought to light what many experienced falconers regard as an ornithological puzzle. They say the famous gyr falcon, normally found only in the Arctic and Central Asia, has been seen in Egypt. While such hawks could well have been bred in captivity in Europe and later released by subsequent Arab owners, it is equally possible that gyr falcons can be found in many more regions of the world than had been previously thought possible.

Among Egypt's best-known falconers are members of the Tahawi tribe, an extended family of the Beni Salim who originally migrated to Egypt from Arabia in the 13th century. About 42,000 Tahawis live as farmers in the eastern provinces near the Nile Delta.

Mustafa al Tahawi, a former and trapper who lives in the village of Gezirat al Sand, says that in the past 12 months his friends in the village have sold about 40 hawks. A peregrine falcon in good condition which used to sell for 100 Egyptian pounds (about \$150) fetches up to 8,000 Egyptian pounds (\$12,000).

Mustafa, 34, first learnt hawk-trapping at the age of 10. "In those days," he says, "we trapped hawks for our own use — to go hunting with. But now, because of the huge

'Back to the oil fields'

Texas jackrabbit hunting waning

By Nicholas C. Chris

ODESSA, Texas — The vast and barren west Texas plains are the home of the jackrabbit, an unsung hero of the legendary Old West, whose fur and meat kept Indians and pioneers alive.

A three-meter statue of a jackrabbit stands in downtown Odessa, near the Chamber of Commerce office. On one side of the statue is a legend about its role in the Old West, and on the other side is a recipe.

The annual jackrabbit roping contest, which had been an event here for some time, was eliminated from the annual fair this year. The official reason was that no rabbits were available. But the actual reason, most sources say, was that the Humane Society of the United States pressed city officials to eliminate the contest, in which jackrabbits were lassoed alive from horses and often dragged to death, or stomped by the horses.

The Humane Society has also been trying to end the use of jackrabbits to train young greyhounds to race. For years, thousands of jackrabbits caught in this area were shipped around the country to greyhound trainers.

Until recently, hunting jackrabbits provided a good living for a number of persons here willing to spend all night capturing them.

Jack and Sue Smith, who spent a year or so doing it, consented to talk about it, only if their true names were not used.

The Smiths, working with two illegal aliens from Mexico, have caught as many as several hundred rabbits in one night and shipped them out in cardboard containers from the nearby Midland-Odessa Airport.

Last year, they said, they grossed about \$73,000. But this year they are near bankruptcy because of pressure against jackrabbit hunting by the Humane Society. Smith's father has had to give them financial help.

It is a similar story for most of the jackrabbit shippers and hunters in the Odessa area.

The handful of veterinarians who issue the health certificates needed to ship the animals out of state have become reluctant to do so.

In the past, these vets seldom bothered even to look at the rabbits or the boxes, some hunters say.

Smith and his wife and their helpers would leave at dusk in their pickup trucks to hunt the rabbits on range land. The method is to shine spotlights into the rabbits' eyes and shoot over their heads. Stunned by the light and noise, the animals are immobilized, and are easy to capture in large nets.

"It isn't easy work, running around there in the rattlesnake-infested prairie," Sue Smith said.

Her husband would drive for miles, holding a .22 rifle out the window of his truck and steering with one hand. A partner riding in the back of the truck would then net the stunned rabbits.

"The name of the game is fresh rabbits," Smith said. "They won't run if they're not fresh. And if they don't run well, they don't do the dog's any good."

The Smiths have now given up their business because they cannot afford to ship the rabbits by truck. The local airport has refused the shipments and other airports are too far away.

"It's not worth it any more," he said. "The Humane Society has killed our business. It just got to be too much of a hassle." But he added, "I don't understand what all the problem is. Jackrabbits aren't very popular around here. Hell, a few years ago there were rabbit roundups with people using clubs and sticks to kill them by the thousands. They eat up entire fields of crops."

Smith said he has had to sell his rifle and that his wife had to sell the family silver to pay for \$1,800 worth of cardboard boxes they had bought to use to ship rabbits.

"I had a good thing going but I guess I'll have to go back to work in the oil fields," he said. — (LAT)

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At Toronto meet

College student captures 2nd world hurdles record

TORONTO, Feb. 3 (AP)—Renaudo Nehemiah of the University of Maryland broke the world record in the 50-yard hurdles, and Eamonn Coghlan of Ireland captured the mile for the fourth year in a row Friday night at the "Toronto Star" Maple Leaf indoor

games. Nehemiah, the 19-year-old world record holder in the 60-meter hurdles from Scotch Plains, New Jersey, clocked 6.04 seconds, shaving three hundredths of a second off the mark set last year by James Owens of Los Angeles.

Coghlan went out early in the 11-lap race, surrendered the lead a couple of times to Tanzania's Suleiman Nyambui and won it in the last lap going away.

Coghlan's time of 3:58 equalled the meet mark by New Zealand's John Walker in 1975. He finished almost a full second ahead of Nyambui.

Slow

Nehemiah got off to a slow start. "The gun was kinda fast and I really couldn't react at all," Nehemiah said. "I didn't really come on until the third hurdle."

He blew right past the field leaving Thomas Munkelt of East Germany a distant second in 6:10, with Charles Foster of the United States grabbing the bronze in 6:14.

Kevin Price of the United States won the men's 500 meters in 58.67, with Canadian Olympian Bryan Saunders second.

In women's competition, Jan Merrill of the United States won the women's 1,500 meters in 4:15.8, and East German Christine Brehmer won the women's 50-yard dash. A member of the East German gold medal 1,600 Olympic relay team, she was not pressed in beating Evelyn Ashford of the United States.

Nothing new

Hurdle records are nothing new for Nehemiah. He is also the recognized king at 55 yards and 60 meters.

"It wasn't a great race," said Nehemiah, admitting he had to lean into the finish line to win. "But at this point my strength is really my big point. To tell the truth I didn't even go after the world record. I didn't think I could."

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 3 (AP)—New Zealand's John Walker won the featured mile run and Henry Rono, who



John Walker

For today's Grand Prix

Ligiers look unstoppable in practice

INTERLAGOS, Brazil, Feb. 3 (R)—Jacques Laffite's early domination of this year's world motor racing championship continued here Friday when he set the fastest time in practice for Sunday's Brazilian Grand Prix.

The Frenchman followed up his triumph in Argentina, site of the opening race of the season two weeks ago, by roaring round the twisting 7,960 kilometer circuit near Sao Paulo in two minutes 23.07 seconds (198.126 kph/123.11 mph) in his Ford-engined Ligier.

The French team was so confident that no other drivers would approach Laffite's time during the second practice session it told him not to bother returning to the track.

Instead, Ligier concentrated on Patrick Depailler, Laffite's teammate and a fellow Frenchman.

Depailler clocked 2:24.31, second only to Laffite in the opening session, but improved to 2:23.99 second time out.

The effort meant Ligier now commands the Brazilian round of the series just as it did in Buenos Aires when the French pair occupied the front row of the starting grid.

The other 24 cars in the field were left to battle among themselves, unable to make much impression on the flying

Ligiers.

Ferrari drivers, French-Canadian Gilles Villeneuve and South African Jody Scheckter, were third and fourth fastest. Villeneuve clocked 2:24.34 and Scheckter 2:24.48.

Scheckter said his left wrist, strained in the multiple opening lap crash in Argentina had not bothered him too much.

Middle-aged Italian trio sits on pole at Daytona

DAYTONA BEACH, Florida, Feb. 3 (AP)—The sunshine boys, Carlo Facetti, Marino Finotto and Gianpiero Moretti, were to lead the steady band of age and experience to Saturday's start of the 18th annual 24 Hours of Daytona endurance race.

The 52-year-old Facetti put the all-Italian entry on the pole position with a track record of 130.276 mph in time trials Thursday, upstaging some of the more highly touted entries.

Facetti was expected to start the car in the event and swap driving chores in two-to-three-hour shifts with Finotto, 50 and Moretti, who claims he's 40 but is probably 10 years older.

None of the three veterans is well known in U.S. racing circles, but in Europe, they have a solid reputation in sports car races. And in 1977, they were runners-up in the Daytona 24 Hours, only two laps behind the winning team.

Competition in the race is expected to be much stiffer than it was in qualifying. Several of the 60 teams admitted they didn't put their best foot forward in qualifying. Car owner Ted Field said he qualified the car he will co-drive for speedsters Danny Ongais and Hurley Haywood "so they wouldn't try to out-race each other and have an argument."

Haywood is a three-time winner of the 24-hour race.



GROUNDING: Chelsea's Eamonn Coghlan falls over Birmingham's Don Given during First Division game at Stamford Bridge Saturday.

Scotland, England tie

Wales holds off fighting Irish

CARDIFF, Wales, Feb. 3 (AP)—Wales squeezed home to a 24-21 win over Ireland at Cardiff Arms Park Saturday and surged into a three-point lead in a classic Five-Nations Rugby Union championship match.

At Twickenham, Scotland held England to a 7-7 tie Saturday and ended a run of eight straight defeats in the tournament.

Wales only needs now to

beat England on March 17 to complete a clean sweep over the other three British Isles countries and win its fourth straight Triple Crown.

But it had no withstanding a tremendous finish Saturday after holding an apparently commanding 21-9 lead after 54 minutes' play. Two late tries scored by Alf McElliman and Colin Patterson, both converted by brilliant fly half Tony Ward, cut the final Welsh margin to only three points.

Ward, 24, landed three penalty goals as well as the two conversions for 13 points in the match, bringing his total to 66 points out of 82 scored by Ireland in his seven international.

His first two penalties gave Ireland a 6-0 lead, but Wales, with Derek Quinnell and Allan Martin outstanding, gradually established forward control.

Steve Fenwick the Welsh center, out-kicked even Ward with four penalties and two conversions for 16 points which brought his total to 112 points in 21 international.

In one respect Ireland could count itself unlucky, for tragic defensive errors let in Wales for both its tries, scored by Martin and Paul Ringier.

Scotland, outgunned in the forward battle, needed the inspiration of fullback Andy Irvine to salvage the draw.

In a match between two modest sides, Irvine stood out as one of the few players of real quality.

After England had raced into a 7-0 lead with a third-minute try by Mike Slemen and a Neal Bennett penalty, Irvine master-minded Scotland's fine recovery.

His brilliant break down the left touchline in the 23rd minute sent John Rutherford for a try which restricted England to a 7-4 interval lead.

Then in the 60th minute he stepped up to put Scotland on terms with a 35-yard penalty.

	P	Pts.
Wales	2	4
France	1	1
England	1	1
Ireland	2	1
Scotland	2	1

Borg trounces American to advance at Richmond

RICHMOND, Virginia, Feb. 3 (AP)—Top-seeded Bjorn Borg of Sweden trounced Pat Dupe, 6-1, 6-2, and second-seeded Guillermo Vilas of Argentina 6-2, 6-2, in the quarterfinals Friday night of the Richmond tennis classic.

Borg was to meet third-seeded John McEnroe in the semifinals Saturday, and Vilas was to play eighth-seeded Arthur Ashe.

McEnroe outlasted Romania's Ilie Nastase 6-3, 7-6, 6-3 and Ashe, a native of Richmond, ousted fourth-seeded Brian Gottfried 2-6, 6-3, 6-3 in Friday's other quarterfinal.

Dupe, 24, of California, had five break points in the opening set but was unable to take advantage of them.

The three-time Wimbledon champion then had six break points in the fourth game before finally breaking Dupe. He broke Dupe again in the sixth game and ran out the set.

In women's tennis, defending Champion Martina Navratilova used well-placed shots and a powerful serve Friday night to breeze past Anne Smith, 6-1, 6-2, in about 45 minutes in a \$200,000 tournament in Chicago.

Navratilova, the top-seeded player in the tournament, was to play Greer Stevens Saturday in one semifinal match. Stevens defeated No. 1 women's player Chris Evert last week in the first round of a Florida tournament and went

on to win the championship. The South African is recovering from an injury and is playing with a knee brace.

In another quarterfinal match Friday, second-seeded Tracy Austin recovered from a first-set defeat to win her match 5-7, 6-3, 6-3 over Sue Barker of England.

Austin, 16, fell behind 0-40 on her serve in the final game of the match but came back with crisp strokes. She took the final point of the match after hitting a lob to the backcourt, which Barker, 22, hit into the net.

Austin was to play fifth-seeded Kerry Reid Saturday in the other semifinal match.

The winner of the finals will take home \$40,000.

Hinkle outshoots Monterey's wind

PEBBLE BEACH, California, Feb. 3 (AP)—Lon Hinkle, occasionally forced to put through standing water early in the day, birdied his last two holes for a four-under-par 68 and a two-stroke lead Friday after the second round of the \$300,000 Bing Crosby National Pro-Am golf tournament.

Hinkle, regarded by many as the longest hitter in golf, shot a 36-hole total of 138, six under par, despite the wet, wind and cold of the beautiful Monterey Peninsula.

"The wind blow. It was a lot more difficult to play today," Hinkle said.

Beats Albion, 2-1

Liverpool returns to top of league

LONDON, Feb. 3 (AP)—European champion Liverpool Saturday defeated West Bromwich Albion 2-1 at Anfield to leapfrog over its championship rivals and regain the leadership of the English First Division.

Liverpool, cheered on by a vast 52,000 crowd, led 2-0 through goals from Kenny Dalglish and David Fairclough. Ally Brown reduced the deficit but West Bromwich could not find the all-important second goal.

Elsewhere, surprises were the order of the day. Third-placed Everton crashed to a 1-0 defeat against Wolverhampton Wanderers at Molineux.

A superb performance saw the relegation strugglers take another step towards safety. The vital goal came in only as the 13th minute when Geoff Palmer and Norman Bell laid on a chance for man-of-the-match Steve Daley to power the ball home from just inside the area. Everton goalkeeper George Wood had to make three fine second-half saves to keep the score down.

Manchester City scored its first League win for three months. The team on the receiving end was Tottenham, which slumped to an unhappy 0-3 home defeat.

Alan Sunderland was the man who surprised Manchester United at Old Trafford. After a goalless first half, Sunderland struck twice in the 55th minute to send Manchester crashing to its fourth successive League defeat.

League champions Nottingham Forest shrugged aside Middlesbrough, 3-1, and a Tony Currie goal against Coventry kept Leeds United on the fringe of the championship race.

After a 1-2 defeat at Chelsea, Birmingham's position looks hopeless. The Midlands club is now six points adrift of second-bottom Chelsea.

A 3-1 win over Leicester saw Brighton jump to the head of the Second Division. With almost all the promotion candidates inactive because of weather, goals from Teddy Maybank, Peter Sayer and Peter Ward were enough to put Brighton on top.

Third Division Watford conceded two late goals from Russ Jenkins to draw 2-2 at home to Rotherham, while Bournemouth's new manager Alec Stock celebrated his first match in charge with a 7-1 win over Doncaster.

In Scotland, all five scheduled matches in the Premier Division were weather casualties.

But in England, a thaw prevented many fixtures. In the First Division only the Aston Villa—Queen's Park Rangers match was called off. But when the Wrexham-Bristol Rovers Division Two match was ruled off three hours before kick-off time, it brought the backlog of matches in the English League to a total of 299, posing major problems of fixture congestion for the next three months.

British soccer results

LONDON, Feb. 3 (AP)—Results of British soccer matches played Saturday afternoon:

English League Division One
Bristol City 3, Ipswich 1
Chelsea 2, B'ham 1
Leeds 1; Coventry 0
Liverpool 2, WBA 1
Man. Utd. 0, Arsenal 2
Middlesbrough 1, N. Forest 3
Norwich 0, Bolton 0
Southampton 1, Derby C. 2
Tottenham 0, Man. C. 3
Wolves 1, Everton 0

Division Three
Gillingham 2, Blackpool 0
Hull 1, Shrewsbury 1
Preston 0, Walsal 3
Plymouth 2, Tranmere 2
Swindon 8, Chester 0
Watford 2, Rotherham 2

Division Four
Aldershot 2, Scamthorpe 0
Bournemouth 7, Doncaster 1

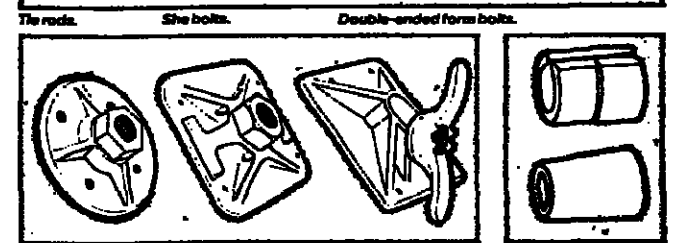
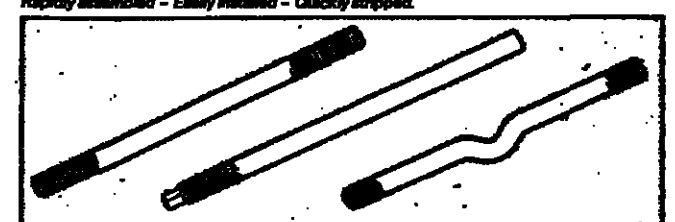
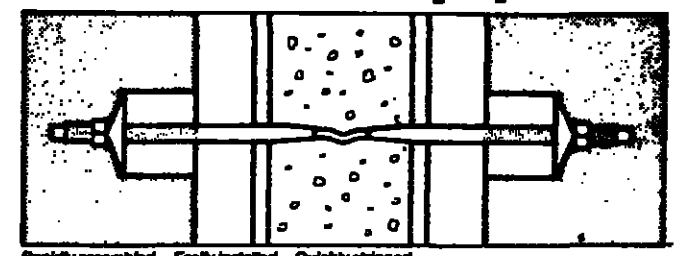
Grimsby 2, Huddersfield 1
Hereford 1, York 0
Wigan 2, Portsmouth 0
Wimbledon 3, Rochdale 2

Scottish League Division One
Hamilton 3, Ayr 1
Kilmarnock 3, St. J'stone 2

Division Two
Brighton 3, Leicester C. 1
Cambridge 0, Luton 0
Notts C. 1, Charlton 1
Orient 2, Newcastle 0
Sunderland 3, Burnley 1

Division Two
Berwick 0, Alloa 1
E. Fife 3, Stenhousemuir 0
Stranraer 3, Meadowbank 1

The widest range of Formwork Tie Equipment



available from stock in Saudi

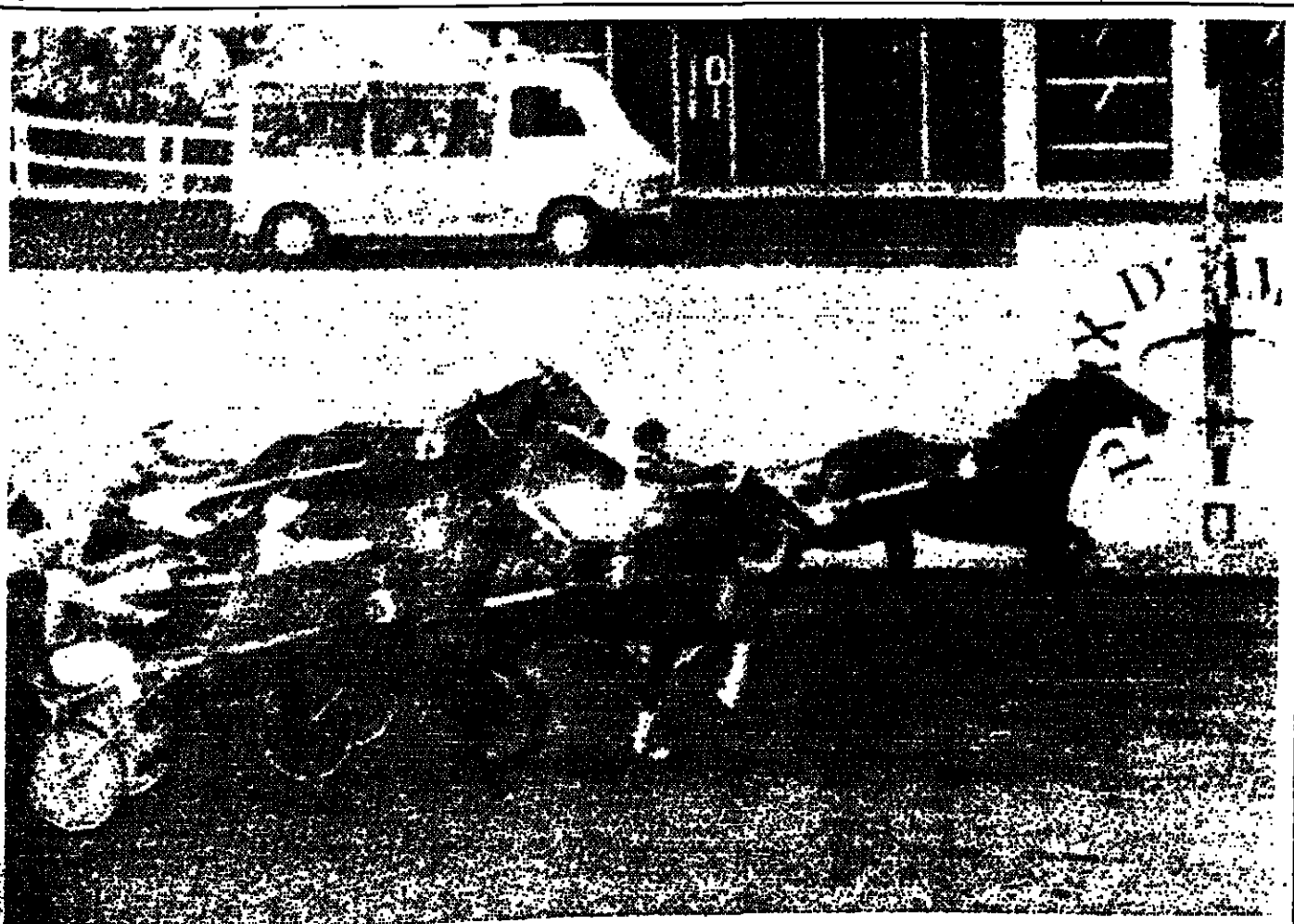
The fullest and most cost-effective range of formwork equipment is available for hire and sale from stock from our depots in Riyadh, Dammam and Jeddah.

SGB tie components are well designed and manufactured from high grade materials representing the finest value available.

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PRIX D'AMERIQUE: High Echelon (6), owned by Comte F. de Senneville and driven by J.-P. Dubois, winning the Prix d'Amerique trotting race at Vincennes near Paris last Sunday.

And U.S. shortages seen

BP cuts crude deliveries because of Iran shortfall

LONDON, Feb. 3 (AP) — British Petroleum (BP) said Saturday it is cutting its crude oil deliveries by 45 per cent for the first quarter compared to its previously announced cut of 35 per cent because of the continuing loss of Iranian oil.

Credit Lyonnais official nabbed on fraud charge

PARIS, Feb. 3 (AP) — The chief of international financial operations for Credit Lyonnais, one of France's major nationalized banks, has been arrested and charged with fraud in connection with an \$8.7 million swindle allegedly involving an Englishman.

Georges Branchart, 52, was imprisoned in Paris Friday after a 30 minute hearing. Branchart is accused of permitting Thomas Stoddard to divert the funds from portfolios on stock markets in London, Johannesburg and Hong Kong.

apply to all customers, including its own operations, although the precise effect on individual customers will depend on the availability of alternative supplies, and "local arrangements."

An official noted the last crude oil shipments left Iran Dec. 26, Iran supplies some 40 per cent of BP's needs.

He added it would take many weeks for Iranian exports to return to normal after any political settlement.

Oil industry sources commented that BP's heavy reliance on Iranian oil supplies leave the company much more vulnerable than the other major Western oil concerns.

BP holds a 40 per cent interest, the largest stake, in the Western consortium which ships oil from Iran.

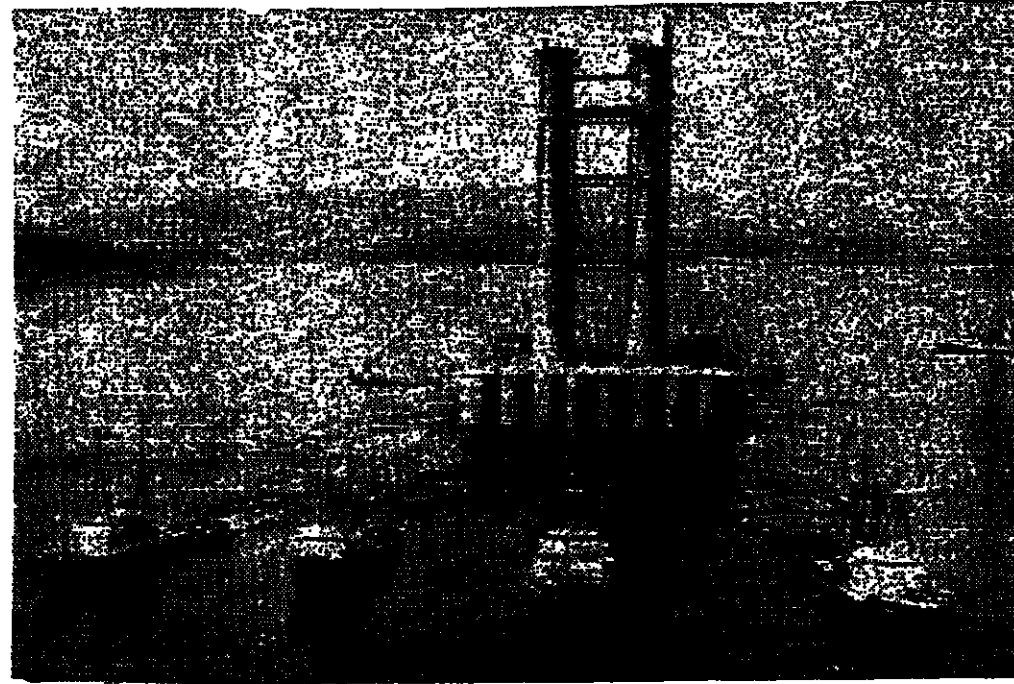
And in the United States there is a possibility that a few more months without oil from Iran could mean mandatory restrictions on gasoline con-

sumption this summer, heating oil shortages next winter, and increases of eight cents or more a gallon in the prices of these products.

"We're going through something now not totally dissimilar to the 1973-74 oil embargo," said Arnold Safer, a petroleum analyst at Irving Trust Co. "The reasons are different, but the effects on the world market are the same."

"One can conceive of outcomes in Iran together with responses by other OPEC producers such that we could be in really serious trouble," said David Nissen of the Energy Economics Division of Chase Manhattan Bank.

Iranian oil fields used to produce five million barrels of crude daily, about 10 per cent of world consumption. But they have not produced much more than 500,000 barrels a day for the past two months, an amount just slightly over half of Iran's own demand.



DRILLING GIANT: The Shell-Eso North Sea oil drilling rig "Commodore A" while on a 1,000 mile tow from its Scottish building yard to Norway.

Latest Wall Street trend

Money funds attracting money

NEW YORK, Feb. 3 (AP) — The same intense concern over interest-rate trends that has dominated stock-market investors' thinking of late has helped foster a new boom in money-market mutual funds.

These funds, which invest in short-term interest-bearing securities such as treasury bills and bank certificates of deposit, have attracted record inflows of money in recent weeks.

Many of them made their appearance during the 1973-74

surge in interest rates, as investors became aware that investments had reached the point of yielding more than such traditional vehicles as savings accounts.

Donohue's Money Fund Report, a Holliston, Massachusetts-based newsletter which tracks developments in that segment of the mutual fund industry, reports that assets of the money funds were growing at a \$600 million a week pace in mid-January. The previous

record for a single week had been only half that, said the report's publisher, William E. Donohue.

Through the first 24 days of January, he said, the funds had a net inflow of \$2.2 billion.

Merrill Lynch Ready Assets, sponsored by the largest U.S. brokerage house, has surpassed the \$2 billion mark in net assets, making it one of the largest funds in the industry's history.

For all of last year, according to the Investment Company Institute, the money funds as a group showed a net increase of \$6 billion, bringing their total assets to a record \$10.2 billion.

The attraction, of course, is the current high level of yields offered by the funds — from just under 9 per cent to more than 10 per cent in many cases.

Japanese banks agree on \$2b Chinese loan

TOKYO, Feb. 3 (AP) — Japanese banking sources said Saturday 20 commercial banks have basically agreed with China on a syndicated Euro-dollar loan, the first of its kind to China, that will likely reach \$2 billion, Kyodo news service reported.

They said a Bank of China delegation will visit Tokyo Feb. 22 to complete the details, including the amount of the loan and its interest rate, Kyodo said.

China was reluctant to accept a yen loan with much lower interest in fear of a further rise of the currency's value. The Chinese offered to pay a prevailing market rate of Eurodollar funds, currently about 12 per cent, plus a less than 1 per cent margin, Kyodo said.

The sources said, however, China has difficulty financing projected \$10 billion purchases from Japan, China wants to revise the Japan-China long-term trade agreement in March to double its purchases, Kyodo said.

Wheat trade talks bogged down

GENEVA, Feb. 3 (R) — Leading wheat exporting and importing nations are still seeking a breakthrough after two weeks of intensive negotiations on a new international agreement to regulate world trade, delegation sources said Friday night. No country had yet made a definite commitment on the size of reserve stock it was prepared to hold.

Multinationals accused of dumping

GENEVA, Feb. 3 (R) — The Canadian secretary-general of the International Federation of Chemical, Energy and General Workers' Unions (ICEF) has accused multinational firms of dumping cheap East European goods on world markets to boost profits and maintain low wages in the West.

Pakistan to get \$90m Japanese loan

TOKYO, Feb. 3 (AP) — Japan will grant 18 billion yen (about \$90 million) in yen credit to Pakistan to assist in expanding its shipping capacity, the foreign ministry said Saturday. It said the loan carries an annual interest of 3.5 per cent.

United agreement averts strike

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (AP) — United Airlines, the largest American carrier, reached tentative agreement on a new contract with about 18,000 employees early Saturday, averting a strike that had been threatened for one minute past midnight. "I can't give any of the details, but it will now go to the membership for ratification," said the International Association of Machinists.

Pahlevi group faces \$4m suit

NEW YORK, Feb. 3 (AP) — The Pahlevi Foundation was charged Friday in a \$4.5 million damage suit with breaching brokerage agreements involving services for a Manhattan skyscraper project. The suit was filed in U.S. District Court, Manhattan, by James A. Reed of Castine, Maine.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

* Directorate of Health Affairs, Hail	Supply of various kinds of printed materials	xx	Free	Feb. 11
* Directorate of Education, Medina	Repairs to schools	xx	200	Feb. 17
* College of Internal Security Forces	Maintenance of bathrooms	xx	30	Feb. 11
* " " "	Repairs to the swimming pool	xx	50	Feb. 11
* " " "	Supply and installation of airconditioners	xx	50	Feb. 12
* " " "	Printed materials	xx	20	Feb. 12
* Ministry of Health	Supply of 14 cold storage units for the dead, each to accommodate four bodies	492	50	Feb. 17
* Ministry of P.T.T.	Construction of storehouses	3-98/99	100	Feb. 14

PORTS AUTHORITY
KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT
DAMMAM

SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF

CHANGES PAST 48 HRS. DATE: 6.3.1979/3.2.1979
TIME: 0700 HRS.

1. Vessels Working at Berth No.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of cargo	Arrival Date
1	TRIDENT	SEA	GENERAL CEMENT	31/1/1979
2	TREIN MAERSK	KANOO	GEN CONTRS	2/2/1979
10	SCUP	ICE	LOADING UREA	22-1/1979
16	LUKE LU	ALSAIBI	GEN CONTRS	21/1/1979
13	TRACIENFELS	ALIREZA	GEN CONTRS	31/1/1979
30	NATALE	SMC	C CEMENT	25/1/1979
21	BLACK DOR	BARBER	BULK CEMENT	25/1/1979
3	TALIS MAN	BARBER	LOADING E CONTRS	3/2/1979
27	CLIMAN RUBY	ORRI	IRF AND MALZE	2/1/1979
SCIP				
	KUON DIEP	KANOO	GENERAL	10/1/1979
Vessels Working at Anchorage				
	PRIMULA	SMC	BULK CEMENT	1/2/1979
2. Recent Arrivals				
	ZEP SEA	NET	CONTAINERS	1/2/1979
	SUN DIAMOND	ALIREZA	CONTAINERS	1/2/1979
	FINN HAWK	SMC	GEN CONTRS	1/2/1979
	TRILL FORDS	BARBER	CONTAINERS	22/1/1979
	STAR ESEAHAN	SATLE	CONTAINERS	1/2/1979
	PRIMULA	SMC	BULK CEMENT	1/2/1979
	SEATHAN	ALQURASHI	CONTAINERS	1/2/1979
	TREIN MAERSK	KANOO	GEN CONTRS	22/1/1979
	MUSKELLE	KANOO	CONTAINERS	12/1/1979
	TALISMAN	BARBER	CONTAINERS	32/1/1979
3. Vessels Expected Within 24 Hours				
	SAHAB TRADERS	ORRI		
	AL WAEEM	ALSAIBI		
	ABU AMAR	GULF		
	PEDRO RANIKIF	SMC		
	IBN BASSAM	KANOO		
	ASTORIA	KANOO		

4-Tonnages Discharged (Freight Tons): 81,046

5-Waiting Time: NIL

Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Saturday	SAMA rate	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.35	3.36	3.36
Pound Sterling	6.63	6.72	6.72
Deutsche Mark	1.77 (100)	180.50	180.50
Swiss F	1.95 (100)	200.00	199.50
French F	0.77 (100)	79.00	78.75
Italian Lira (1000)	—	4.00	4.00
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	108.50	108.00
Syrian Lira (100)	—	80.00	85.00
Egyptian Pound	—	4.55	4.80
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.25	12.25
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.40	11.33
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	87.25	87.25
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	87.25	87.25
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.72	8.72
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	9.40	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	73.75	73.65
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	79.00	88.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	41.00	40.41
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	33.00	34.00
Gold kg	—	25,850	—
10 Tolas bar	—	3,000	—
Silver kg bar	—	690	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.65	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.79	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.13	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.64	—	—
Italian Lira (100)	0.40	—	—

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for currency Exchange and Commerce, Cabel St., Jeddah.

CITIBANK

SOME OPPORTUNITIES ARE
JUST TOO GOOD TO MISS

Citibank Riyadh has rented five floors of the new Adil Khashoggi Building on Airport Road and will occupy three of them beginning in June. The bank leased two floors in excess of current needs in order to assure space for future growth. Now, it is prepared to offer sub-leases up to five years duration to outstanding companies that need outstanding office space.

The Adil Khashoggi Building is already well known to people in Riyadh. Its burnished facade and harmonious lines lend beauty to the landscape. There is no doubt that it will be an architectural landmark for years to come. In addition to aesthetic qualities, the new building is convenient to many Ministries, to the airport, to residential areas and there is ample parking in the neighborhood (as well as inside for tenants). And you can count on such amenities as high speed elevators, central airconditioning and top quality safety equipment.

Space in the Citibank area of the Adil Khashoggi Building will not last long and, frankly, it is not for everyone. But companies in need of quality space designed for maximum efficiency and productivity, should call or write for particulars. Citibank's new phone number is 401-1568. Ask for Jim Wilson (324) or Vincent Joyce (334). If you would prefer to write the P.O. Box is 833.

If you have read this far—

YOU MUST BE TEMPTED TO TAKE SPACE IN THE
CITIBANK AREA OF THE ADIL KHASHOGGI BUILDING.

PORTS AUTHORITY
JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORTSHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF
3RD FEBRUARY 1979

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING	BERTH	VESEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
1A	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—	—
2	—	—	—	—	—
3	TOYOTA MARU 20	ALI REZA	—	VEHICLES	3/2/1979
4	—	—	—	—	—
5	VALI PERO	OCEAN TRADE	—	JENERAL	31/1/1979
6	CONCORDIA STAR	ALSAIBAH	—	CONTAINERS	2/2/1979
7	ALBIN KOEBIS	SHOBOKSHI	—	GENERAL	1/2/1979
8	HOLSTEN TRADER	KANOO	—	CONTR. RICE	1/2/1979
9	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	—	—
11	—	—	—	—	—
12	KANAKIS	ASSOCIATED AGENCIES	—	BAGGED CEMENT	26/1/1979
13	UNITY	ALPHA	—	SUGAR	27/1/1979
14	—	—	—	—	—
15	MARE TRANQUILLO	KAROOM	—	BAGGED CEMENT	31/1/1979
16	VINLAND	BARBER	—	CONTAINERS	2/2/1979
17	—	—	—	—	—
18	ODYSSEUS	ROLACO	—	BULK CEMENT	26/1/1979
19	MEDCEMENT CARRIER	ROLACO	—	BULK CEMENT	25/1/1979
20	—	—	—	—	—
21	EASTERN PROSPERITY	ORRI	—	MAIZE SORGHUM	1/2/1979
22	—	—	—	—	—
23	PHILIPAS SAUDI I	S.A.M.A.	—	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—
24	—	—	—	—	—
25	—	—	—	—	—
26	—	—	—	—	—
27	—	—	—	—	—
28	—	—	—	—	—
29	STAR EMERALD	ALSAIDA	—	H LIFTS GEN STEEL	2/2/1979
30	EVER SAFETY	ALGOSAIBI	—	PLYWOOD BUILDING	31/1/1979
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42	ANGELUKI	OCEAN RADE	—	SORGHUM RICE	26/1/1979
43	—	—	—	PALM OIL	—
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS بورصات العالم

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

16%	16%	Southern Railway	49%	54	Bywater-Guttsch Gold	121	31%
16%	86%	Southeast	28	25%	Bolton	369	31%
16%	86%	S. W. Ry.	25	25%	Bruckner	123	124%
16%	35	Sperry Hatch	15	15	Buffett	124	124
16%	35	Sperry Rand	47	48	Canal Canal	125	125
16%	35	Standard Brands	30%	38%	Central	126	126
16%	27%	Std. Oil California	25%	25%	De Beers Co. Mines	489	489
16%	27%	Std. Oil Indiana	57%	56%	Dominion	387	387%
16%	27%	Std. Oil Ohio	41%	41%	Drum	519	519
16%	25%	Sumit Chemical	46%	46%	Free State Mining	22 9/16	22
16%	3	Sunbeam Drug	17	16%	General Mills	645	639
16%	39%	Sunbeam	43%	44%	Goldfield of Calif.	28 1/16	28
16%	39%	Sun Co.	23%	23%	Hammory	495	495
16%	26%	Synthetic	13%	12%	Hartley	18 1/16	18 1/16
16%	17%	Tekachon	12%	12%	Johns-Manville Cons.	87%	87%
16%	17%	Tekachon	98%	98%	Lehigh & Goshen	124	124
16%	17%	Tekachon	117%	118	Libman Gold Mine	715	720
16%	26%	Tekachon	41%	41%	McIntosh & Ramsey	22	22
16%	26%	Tekachon	31	30%	President Brand	\$32 13/16	\$12 5/16
16%	12	Tenney Petroleum	8%	8%	President Shook	\$18 5/16	\$14
16%	12	Tenney	24%	24%	Ram Co. Mines	127	127
16%	23	Tenney	23	22%	Ramsburg Platts	144	143
16%	23	Tenney	49%	49%	Selection Trust	476	476
16%	69%	Tenney	83%	84%	St. Robert	12 1/16	11%
16%	35%	Tenney Oil & Gas	34%	34%	St. Robert	49%	49%
16%	35%	Tenney	19%	19%	Schulz	188%	188%
16%	41%	Tenney	41%	40%	Taniguchi Cons.	188%	188%
16%	41%	Tenney	41%	40%	Taniguchi Cons.	188%	188%

Union Corporation	341	334		
Vital Radio Res. Mfg.	28 9/16	28 5/16		
Wallace	432 1/4	432 1/4		
West Delaware	36 1/4	36 1/4		
Western Deep	27 1/2	27 1/2		
Western Holdings	27 7/16	27 1/2		
Westmead Metals	510	59 1/2		
Wheat	312 1/2	317 1/2		
Zambia Copper Inv.	14 1/4	14 1/4		

GERMANY 2		مصر	
	Feb. 1	Feb. 2	
Clasing	Feb. 1	Clasing	Feb. 2
Price Paid		Price Paid	
ADG	69.9	71.8	
Althaus Vertrieh.	584.0	584.0	
BHW	327.5	284.8	
BASP	134.0	134.0	
Bayer	135.5	135.30	
Bayer, Dyke	284.0	287.00	
Bayer, Vertrieh	308.0	313.00	
Commerzbank	211.1	212.00	
Coast. Gen. Bank	45.4	47.00	
Deutsche Bank	321.1	320.50	
Dresdner	249.0	247.00	
Dresdner Bank	170.0	167.00	
Dresdner Bank	227.8	227.00	
Dresdner Bank	228.5	228.50	
Dresdner Bank	180.0	180.00	
Gothaer	237.8	237.00	
Hapag Lloyd	102.0	103.00	
Hercules	165.7	167.00	
Hochst	134.0	133.30	
Hoechst	47.5	47.50	
Imperial	155.7	157.00	
Karl and Salz	151.5	151.00	
Karlsruhe	352.0	355.00	
Leibniz	152.7	152.00	
Mecklenburg DM 180	87.1	85.00	
MEI	213.9	213.00	
Ernst	82.0	82.00	
Linde	308.0	298.00	
Lorenzhaus 180	1,545	1,550	
Leibniz	86.0	86.00	
MAN	228.0	229.00	
Mecklenburg	228.0	228.00	
Mecklenburg	263.0	264.00	
Mecklenburg	695.0	704.00	

Clasing	Feb. 1	Clasing	Feb. 2
Price Paid		Price Paid	
Bergan Bank	71.00	109.00	
Bergvanger	10.88	72.50	
Creditbank	116.20	119.00	
Commer	316.00	365.00	
Kreditbank	117.00	117.00	
Nord-Hofe N.R.	274.50	260.00	
Standard	87.20	87.20	

BROCKERS		مروكبل	
	Feb. 2	Clasing	Feb. 1
	Price Paid	Price Paid	
Forward Market			
ACEC	449	449	
Arbel	2350	2240	
American	729	690	
Branco	464	462	
Brun-Landert	1790	1780	
Can Pac	682	610	
Cochetti	525	518	
De Beers	287	280	
CP-Ann-ISM	6990	6990	
Electrolux	4990	4990	
EMES	2495	2495	
ES	2490	2490	
Gebert	1488	1390	
General	2030	2040	
Perfume	2615	2615	
Royal Dutch	1895	1905	
Sisal	827	718	
UAC, Gen. Belg.	2165	2165	
Safina	3580	3525	
Telvet	2625	2690	
Yamouk	122	120	
Union Miniere	792	764	
Vollis-Muske	1950	1940	
Cash Market			
American Gen.	8150	8150	
Ford Motor	6780	6830	
Gen. Gen. Banque	3395	3405	

		AMSTERDAM		امستردام	
		Closing		Closing	
		Feb. 1	Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Feb. 2
		Price List			
Premont DMJ100	163.5	164.00			
Rhds West Elect.	179.0	179.00			
Scherling	267.0	267.00			
Stemmet	264.0	265.50			
Sand Zeeher	251.50	245.00			
Thyssen	247.0	247.00			
Varva	183.0	184.00			
VERBA	137.5	140.00			
Verschuif	267.0	267.00			
Volkswagen	266.3	245.70			
باريس		Closing		Closing	
		Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Feb. 1	Feb. 2
		Price List			
Carville					
Air Legation	394.00	392.00			
Ball Merxins Deusse	525.00	525.00			
Bell Merxins Deusse	89.50	89.50			
CCF	140.00	140.00			
CCF	359.00	343.00			
CCF	359.00	375.00			
Credit Foncier	446.50	450.00			
Credit Foncier	446.50	450.00			
Michelin	106.00	106.00			
Paribas	211.00	209.50			
Paribas	211.00	209.50			
Premont DMJ100	163.5	164.00			
Phillips	59.50	59.50			
Phillips	59.50	59.50			
Rhone-Poulenc	113.00	111.00			
Rayon Dard	276.10	272.50			
Rayon Dard	276.10	272.50			
Thomson-Brenant	238.50	232.50			
Union	11.55	11.75			
Group A		Closing		Closing	
		Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Feb. 1	Feb. 2
Amsterdam	546.50	539.00			
Chargers Remits	333.00	334.00			
East	87.50	87.50			
East	119.00	119.00			
Paribas	279.20	282.10			
Petroleum	514.00	513.00			
Prentiss	34.90	33.50			
Unilever	263.10	263.10			
Unilever Midlere	113.50	109.50			
Group B		Closing		Closing	
		Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Feb. 1	Feb. 2
Carville	1845	1842			
CCF	140.00	140.10			
CCF	123.50	123.10			
CCF	359.00	359.00			
Lafarge	255.00	257.00			
Mid-Hammam	506.00	506.00			
Mid-Hammam	506.00	506.00			
OPPT Paribas	184.90	184.90			
Paribas	437.00	437.00			
Paribas	437.00	437.00			
Saint Gobain	143.00	144.00			
Group C		Closing		Closing	
		Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Feb. 1	Feb. 2
Carville	249.50	246.10			
Carville	249.50	246.10			
Imatol	55.20	57.20			
Imatol	55.20	57.20			
L'Oreal	79.20	79.20			
STOCKHOLM		Closing		Closing	
		Jan. 31	Jan. 31	Jan. 31	Jan. 31
		Price List			
Agri AB (Skr. 40)	214	215			
Alfa Leduc (Skr. 50)	142	142			
ASJA AB (Skr. 10)	82.50	82.00			
Aspa Capas Kr. 25	110	111			
Bilander	57.00	57			
Bilander	113	113			
Carls	190	188			

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Price List					
ANIC	34.25		Banco Zarragozen	228	228
Asia. Generali	3619.90	35620	Banqueen	142	142
Batag	526	533.00	Banco Andes	145	145
Centrale	450	4496	Banco de Wilson	25	25
Com.	380	2875	Brasileira	182	182
Finland	174.00	175.25	Brasileira	182	182
IFI Prt	2340	2340	C. L. Argenciano	26.50	26.50
Ind.	60.00	60.00	Empresas Zinc	95	95
Italo	779.50	779.50	Exp. Rio Tinto	52.50	52.50
Italo	385	385	Franco (1.000)	53.00	53.00
Italo	2425	2425	Francia (1.000)	52.50	52.50
Italo	226.50	227.00	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	557	562	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	3225	3240	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	1820	1820	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	151.00	151.50	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	905	905	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	1285	1285	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	670.00	650	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo	1854	1852	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Italo S.F.A.	891	890	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Rinconate	62.75	64.00	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Salt Vtd.	676.50	671	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Salt Vtd.	249	250	Cal. Potosi	40	40
Shet	1678.50	1665	Cal. Potosi	40	40

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Mitsubishi Cement	156	153
Mitsubishi Electric	196	195
Mitsubishi Estate	487	480
Mitsubishi Heavy	135	134
Mitsubishi Corp.	432	431
Nippon	251	251
Nippon Chem.	670	670
Nippon Smelting	114	121
Nipponsteel	568	565
Nippon Electric	511	510
Nipponese	278	278
Nippon Iron Works	597	595
Nippon Fire	1,070	1,069
Nippon Light Metal	150	153
Nippon Oil	933	933
Nippon Oil	700	697
Nippon Securities	378	378
Nippon Steel	283	276
Nippon Steel	141	142
Nippon Text	463	395
Nippon Yusen	145	147
Nissans Motor	657	665
Nomura Securities	486	486
Nycomed	728	735
Ricoh	583	580
Sharp	496	493
Shimizu	1,100	1,100
Sony	1670	1660
Sunshine Bank	333	333
Sunshine Cement	238	237
Sunshine Chem.	138	139
Sunshine Ind.	238	239
Sunshine Metal	129	129
Takata	245	244
Takata	151	146
Takata	532	532
Takata	151	146
Tokai Ryosen	283	280
Tokyo Gas	131	131
Tokyo Ind.	611	597
Tokyo Power	1,150	1,140
Zeppan	583	583
Zeppan	152	150
Zeppan	158	158
Zeppan	448	445
Zeppan	448	445
Zeppan	248	244
Zeppan	299	282

Harpner Gillman	310	290
Harper	300	275
Harper	178ad	177ad
Malayan Brownies	574/595	570
Star Super	270	250ad
National Iron	670	670
N.B. Tibbers	187	184
Star Super	187	189
Bachman	285	283
Star Derby Ridge	340	334
Star Derby Ridge	332	339
Straits Times Press	828/840	815
Straits Trading Co.	590	585
Thames	332	339
Tractors Malaysia	540	540
Star Super	147	147
William Jacks Co.	134	UNQ
Fluorescent		
DBS	470	466
Heang Tin	240	240
Malayan Banking	655	660
OCBC	855	845
UOB	364	368
Hotels		
Faber Martin	109	105
Goodwood Park	458/460	460
Properties		
Control Properties	170	170
City Developments	124	119
Ud Overseas Land	141	142
Island Pen. Dev	336	324
Singapore Land	185	170
Palm Oil		
United Plantations	234/240	UNQ
Mining		
Berjant Tin	790	795
Kawang Lajut	228	220
United Plantations	165	157
Sekang Develop	364	364ad
Rubber		
Perak Latang Rubber	206	200
Perak	326	326
Kemang (Malaya)	420	424
K.L. Kepang	258	259
Perak	160	161
Highlands & Lowland	364	364
Control Plantations	184	185

NOTES: Overseas prices shown exclude 3 p.m.d.m.

1. All prices are in sterling unless otherwise stated.

Feb. 1	Sterling	U.S. Dollar	Canadian Dollar
Short term ...	11½-12	10-10½	8½-9
1 days order ...	11½-12½	10-10½	8½-9
1 month ...	12 17/16-12 11/16	10 15/16-10 13/16	10-10½
Three months ...	13½-14	10 15/16-10 13/16	10 15/16-11
Six months ...	13½-14	10½-11½	11-11½
One year ...	12 15/16-13 1/8		

The following nominal rates were quoted for London:

107½-108½ per cent; one year 107-108, 108-109.

Long-term Eurodollar deposits: two years 118½-119 nominal; three years 119½-120 nominal.

Short-term clearing rates are sent for all rates in Singapore.

EXCHANGE RATES AND LONDON GOLD

LONDON		NEW YORK	
February 7		February 7	
USA	1.9785-1.9796	STG	1.9790-1.9800
Belgium	2.9785-2.9785	SPK CON	2.98-28.79
France	2.9790-2.9790	FRF	4.1270-4.1270
Italy	58.75-58.90	FFR	4.1270-4.1290
Switzerland	167.56-167.56	LT	167.50-168.00
Holland	1.6900-1.6900	DEM	2.0300-2.0305
Sweden	3.9875-3.9875	SEK	1.7110-1.7130
W. Germany	3.7525-3.7625	YEN	261.20-261.40
Denmark	7.6450-7.6520	AUS \$CH	13.75-13.78
Norway	16.3350-16.3350	CHF	2.5-2.57
Canada	1.3875-1.3875	NAR	1.1620-1.1670
Portugal	94.10-94.20	SR	4.47-4.47
Spain	138.80-138.90	SHR	4.42-10.4-20.20
Japan	268.15-268.15	SPK WTS	30.09-31.10
		SPK WTS	70.11-70.11
		MF20XU	22.70-22.72
		3dg. one month 55-59 dg. two months 1U	
		4dg. three months 165-167 dg. six months 23	
		290 dg. one month 500-505 dg. two months 19-24	
		3dg. one month 67-70 dg. two months 19-24	
		4dg. one month 12-10 dg. six months 1B-15	
		twelve months 33-36 dg.	
N.Y. DOLLAR CROSS RATES		LONDON GOLD	
February 7		February 7	
Canada	2.8200	3.60 p.m. fix	42.50
Belgium Franc	29.7200	Morning fix	42.50
Deutschmark	1.8800	Previous fix	42.50
French Franc	6.5770		
Italian Lira	4.3300		
Japanese Dollar	87.400		
Swiss Franc	1.7142		

DOW JONES STOCK AVERAGES

**DOW JONES
11.00 a.m. STOCK AVERAGES**

February 2

30 Industrials	\$38.62	DN 2.25	or 5.73%
20 Transport	214.55	UP 2.54	or 0.11%
15 Utilities	138.10	UP 0.10	or 0.07%
65 Stocks	214.34	DN 0.43	or 0.19%

New York — (AP-DJ) — Stock prices closed mixed against a background of international unrest and pessimism in Washington that something can be done in the near future to control OPEC's power to raise oil prices further.

Declines in the Dow Jones Industrial Average were limited to the 30-stock average. Mostens lead, American Ry. Pullman Klineholder returned in triumph to Tehran — and was purchased by American Ry. Pullman Klineholder unless he resigned. Western shippers said that they were likely to be hit.

In Moscow, the stock news agency Tam, called the market "stable" and said that something can be done in the near future to control OPEC's power to raise oil prices further.

Chinese Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-Ping, Tam said, "Teng's visit to Washington was punctuated by statements" statements about the Soviet U.S. U.S. Treasury Secretary Blumenthal, mentioned, told a group of U.S. officials that the U.S. economy would be better off if the OPEC oil price broke up — but said at this point he does not believe it is likely. He added that the U.S. stock market will continue to rise for the time being.

Other economic news, the Commerce Department reported that construction spending December rose a moderate one percent. It said that the merchandise trade deficit, calculated on the balance of payments, narrowed in fourth quarter to \$1 billion dollars from \$1.2 billion dollars in the third quarter.

About 700 million closed lower while about 100 million closed higher.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average down 43 points from 214.77 to 214.34, with 27,900 shares changing with 30,400,000 shares sold.

DOW JONES CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES

February 1

30 Industrials	400.87	UP 1.65	or 0.39%
20 Transport	214.51	DN 2.24	or 0.11%
15 Utilities	138.23	DN 0.38	or 0.26%
65 Stocks	215.17	UP 0.66	or 0.30%

FINANCIAL TIMES		مؤشر الفينيتشل					
STOCK INDICES							
	Feb. 2	Feb. 1	Jan. 31	Jan. 30	Jan. 29	Jan. 28	A year ago
Government Secs.	65.80	66.94	66.27	66.39	66.54	66.56	75.85
Fixed Interest	67.21	67.47	67.53	67.76	68.28	68.57	79.16
Industrial Ordinary	67.19	66.81	66.77	66.84	65.53	65.69	78.19
Gold Mines	171.71	166.68	163.33	167.12	168.21	167.4	136.1
Gold Mins. (Ex-5 pm)	115.0	112.2	112.4	113.0	113.7	113.3	115.0
Ord. Div. (Yield)	6.14	6.14	6.15	6.19	6.22	6.19	5.81
Earnings "Yield" (Ratio)	16.06	16.11	16.20	16.28	16.21	16.22	17.77
P/E Ratio (incl. "0")	9.97	9.80	9.05	8.81	7.96	8.00	10.00
Dividends	4.135	4.083	4.283	4.555	4.267	3.984	6.122
Equity turnover (cm)		88.21	96.24	94.92	97.15	78.71	66.25
Equity turnover (total)		131.14	117.657	133.643	121.413	122.82	135.04

	10 a.m. 467.3	11 a.m. 469.3	noon 469.2	1 p.m. 469.5	2 p.m. 469.0	3 p.m. 468.4
London (index 100=1250 1926)						

* Based on 55 per cent corporation tax. @ Nil = 7.35.
 Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Inc. 1928. Ind. Ord. 17/25.
 Gold Mines 12/29/35. Ex-5 pm index started June, 1972. S. Dividends started Jan., 1942.

LONDON COMMODITY PRICES		سعر السلع والمعادن الرئيسية	
المواد			
BASIC MATERIALS			
February 2 Leasehold Prices			
COCOA		SOYABEAN MEAL	
		Today's Closing	Today's Closing
		£ per cwt	
March	1694	February	129.70
May	1772	April	128.40
July	1762	June	128.40
September	1760	August	128.40
December	1843	October	128.40
1964	1843	December	128.40
May	1843	February	128.40
	1843		
		Wool	
		Australian Grains Wool	
		Pence per kilo	
May	1948	May	—
July	1733.5	July	—
September	1762	September	—
December	1760	December	—
1964	1843	1964	—
May	1843	May	—
	1843	July	—

ARABICA COFFEE		5 peso Kilos	
August	UNQ	UNQ	
October	UNQ	UNQ	
December	UNQ	UNQ	
February	UNQ	UNQ	
April	UNQ	UNQ	
June	UNQ	UNQ	
August	UNQ	UNQ	
ROBUSTA COFFEE		£ per tonne	
March	1227	1228	
May	1232	1231	
July	1260	1259	
September	1287	1286	
November	1317	1315	
January	1338	1335	
March	1310	1309	
GRAINS		Barley Yesterday's Closing	
March	91.25	91.40	
May	90.20	89.95	
September	90.15	90.15	
November	91.15	87.15	

RUBBER		LEAD	
	Pence per Kilo		£ per tonne
March	41.95	Cash	552.40
April	62.20	Three months	553.00
April-June	62.25	Settlement	553.00
July-September	61.95		
Oct.-December	65.95	SILVER	
January-March	67.85		£ per troy ounce
April-June	67.80	Cash	334.25
July-September	71.75	Three months	341.70
Oct.-December	73.70	Settlement	341.70
RAW SUGAR		TIN	
	£ per long ton		£ per tonne
Comm. Cons.		Standard	
March	104.85	Cash	7200
May	105.15	Three months	7135
August	112.60	Settlement	7205
October	116.50	High Grade	
December	119.40	Cash	7230
January	124.00	Three months	7150
May	126.75	Settlement	7240
WHITE SUGAR			
	£ per long ton		
April	104.00	Cash	7230
July	118.50	Three months	7150
October	119.50	Settlement	7240

September	115.50	118.00	ZINC		
November	121.50	126.00			
February	128.00	127.25	Cash	372.00	373.00
April	133.00	131.50	Three months	365.50	366.50
July	138.00	135.90	Settlement	373.00	—

BEST RATES

اسعار فوائد العملات الأوروبية

	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Austrian Dollar	Japanese Yen
7½-7¼	par-4	3 11/16-3 1/16	6½-6¼	7-12	—	—	1=10 7/16
7¾-7½	par-4	3 1/16-3 1/16	6¼-6¼	11-12	10½-10½	—	1=10 1/16
7¾-7½	par-4	3 1/16-3 1/16	7-7½	12-13	10½-10½	1 1/16-1 1/16	—
7½-7¼	par-4	3 1/16-3 1/16	7-7½	13-14	10½-10½	2 1/16-2 1/16	—
7¾-7½	par-4	3 1/16-3 1/16	8-8½	14-15	10½-10½	3 1/16-3 1/16	—
7¾-7½	par-4	3 1/16-3 1/16	9-9½	14-15	10½-10½	3 1/16-3 1/16	—

Banker's certificates of deposit: One month 10.25-10.35 per cent; three months 10.40-10.50 per cent; six months 10.50-10.60 per cent.

Our bank's three years 10% 10%-10% per cent; four years 10 3/16-10 5/16 per cent; five years 10 3/16-10 5/16 per cent.

London, U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars: two days' notice for goldsters and Swiss francs. Asian rates are quoted by cable.

B.C.

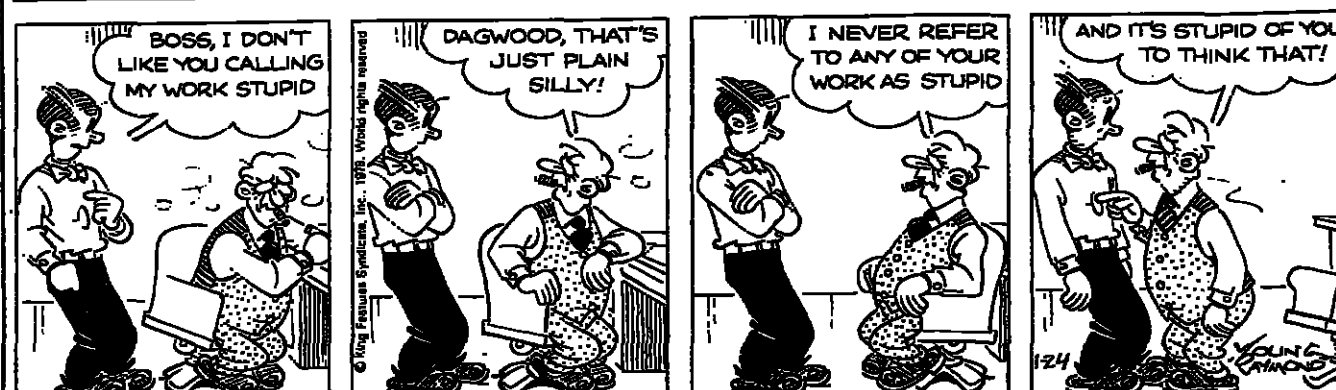
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



Dennis the Menace



CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1. Angust
2. "The Lockdown"
3. Novelist Ambler
4. Dryden or Parent, e.g.
5. New star
6. Harmonize
7. Arabella's
8. Dandy
9. Diminish
10. Football pass
11. Harlem room
12. Thing: Lat.
13. Blue nose
14. Spectacle
15. Fee
16. Recipient
17. Resonance
18. Name
19. Get done
20. Having market value
21. Aphroditic
22. Beloved
23. Bucket
24. Ethics
25. Epical
26. Prepare
27. Fodder
28. Prong
29. Virginia and others
30. Be up to

DOWN

1. Love
2. Jail
3. Resilience
4. Golf term
5. Stopping place
6. Stable fare
7. Evasive
8. Address
9. Barracks
10. Festivals
11. Caddis
12. Indian
13. Large
14. Tolerant
15. Stand
16. Behind
17. Croun
18. Super-mated
19. Oper's
20. Beverly
21. Of barium
22. Woody vine
23. Actress
24. Burny
25. Arrest
26. al.

Yesterday's Answer

1. AK763 2. K94 3. Q8 4. J82
5. AQJ34 6. 72 7. Q83 8. EJ
9. QJ733 10. KJ5 11. 72 12. KJ4
13. L36 14. Q82 15. 10 16. AK3
17. Q852 18. AJ4 19. 05 20. 843

1. Three notrump. Basically, this is an application of the rule that an opening bid means game. It would be wrong to bid only two notrump, inviting a game, as North might pass. A good case can be made for bidding three spades rather than three notrump, but, with a supporting honor in every suit, notrump is probably best.

2. Three diamonds. Here you can't tell whether the best contract lies in spades, diamonds or notrump, so you jump to three diamonds, compelling partner to make the choice. You plan to bid four spades if he bids three spades, five diamonds if he bids four diamonds, and to pass if he bids three notrump.

3. Pass. There is very little chance for a game, as your partner's notrump rebid is probably based on 13 or 14 high-card points — though he may have as few as 12 points and, as many as 15. Two

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:
A X Y D L B A A X R
B L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

UCUPG PZVRE YJZWR YHF
EPOU ERWOVRE IUEI ERU
IUYM WA ZEI XUYOEG WH
ERU KUPIWH YHF ERU AYJU.

— TWRH POISZ
Yesterday's Cryptogram: THIS WORLD BELONGS TO THE MAN WHO IS WISE ENOUGH TO CHANGE HIS MIND IN THE PRESENCE OF THE FACTS. — ROY L. SMITH

Believe It or Not!



ANTONY VAN LEEUWENHOEK (1632-1723) THE DUTCHMAN WHO INVENTED THE SINGLE LENS MICROSCOPE, AND ONE OF THE WORLD'S FOREMOST BIOLOGISTS, HAD LITTLE FORMAL EDUCATION, WROTE UNGRAMMATICALLY AND REMAINED A SHOEFITTER ALL HIS LIFE.

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Bidding Quiz

You are South and the bidding has gone:

North	East	South	West
1 ♠	Pass	1 ♠	Pass
1 NT	Pass	1 NT	Pass

What would you bid now with each of the following five hands?

1. ♠ AK763 ♥ K94 ♦ Q8 ♣ J82
2. ♠ AQJ34 ♥ 72 ♦ Q83 ♣ EJ
3. ♠ QJ733 ♥ KJ5 ♦ 72 ♣ KJ4
4. ♠ L36 ♥ Q82 ♦ 10 ♣ AK3
5. ♠ Q852 ♥ AJ4 ♦ 05 ♣ 843

1. Three notrump. Basically, this is an application of the rule that an opening bid means game. It would be wrong to bid only two notrump, inviting a game, as North might pass. A good case can be made for bidding three spades rather than three notrump, but, with a supporting honor in every suit, notrump is probably best.

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3. Pass. There is very little chance for a game, as your partner's notrump rebid is probably based on 13 or 14 high-card points — though he may have as few as 12 points and, as many as 15. Two

What are the gnomes upto in Zurich

Get your international financial news in Ashraf Al-Awad — the newspaper of the Arabs published daily from London and distributed Available with your newspaper and at your nearest newsagent.

القائمة المالية

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

SUNDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:42	7:02	12:41	3:55	6:15	7:45
Medina	5:46	7:06	12:43	3:53	6:12	7:42
Nejd	5:12	6:33	12:09	3:19	5:39	7:09

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show	Electric Co. No. 403
6:30 Soccer Training Film	Superman: Superman Week
6:53 It's A Small World	Attacking
7:20 Headline To Health	Cochin To Kashmir
7:38 The Saint	Heart Valves — Leaking
8:26 Soccer	Of Tights
9:19 Famous Film	Locate & Destroy
	Stoke City Vs. Bolton
	Last Shot You Hear

WEATHER

Temperatures will remain on a gradual decline in most parts of the Kingdom, including the central and western areas. High and intermediate clouds will cover the eastern, central and western parts, particularly the western coast, causing scattered showers.

Winds are expected from several directions at slow to moderate speeds, gaining in velocity in parts of the central region, raising dust and sand.

Sea conditions in territorial waters will be calm to moderate.

Saturday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	29	20	Tabuk	18	04
Jeddah	31	22	Turath	13	00
Riyadh	26	10	Rafha	17	07
Dhahran	23	15	Bisha	24	09
Medina	16	15	Yanbu	27	16
Taif	20	11	Abha	19	04

SAUDI RADIO

Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
1:00 Opening	10:00 Opening
1:01 The Holy Quran	10:01 The Holy Quran
	10:05 Message to the Faithful
1:05 Game of Guidance	10:10 Light Music
1:10 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:15 NEWS
1:15 S.A. Historical Notes	10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
1:30 Off the Record	10:30 Music Worldwide
2:00 Your Choice	11:00 Champions of Solidarity
2:30 On Islam	11:10 Press Review
2:40 Islam the Divine Truth	11:15 The Sixties
2:55 Music	11:45 The World of Guitar
3:00 NEWS	12:00 Islamic Contributions
3:10 Press Review	12:15 The Songwriters
3:15 Music	12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
3:20 My Music	
3:30 Close Down	12:59 Close Down

VOA

P.M.	10:05 Opinion: Analyses
8:00 News Roundup:	News Summary
Reports: Actualities:	10:30 VOA Magazine:
Opinion: Analyses	America; Science;
8:30 Dateline	Cultural; Letter
News Summary	11:00 Special English: News
Special English:	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
News: Features. The	
Making of a Nation	
News Summary	
9:30 Music USA:	
(Standards)	
10:00 News Roundup:	
Reports: Actualities	

BBC

Morning Transmission	4:30 The Measure's Yours
8:00 World News	5:15 Report on Religion
8:09 "Twenty-Four Hours	6:00 Radio Newsreel
News Summary	6:15 "Outlook
8:30 "Sarah Ward	7:00 World News
8:45 World Today	7:09 Commemorative
9:00 Newswest	7:15 "Sherlock Holmes
9:30 "Opera Star	7:45 World Today
10:00 World News	8:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	8:09 "Books and Writers
News Summary	8:30 "Take One
10:30 "Sarah Ward	8:45 Sports Round-up
10:45 "Something to Show	9:00 World News
You	9:09 News about Britain
11:00 World News	9:15 Radio Newsreel
11:09 Reflections	9:30 Fanning World
11:15 Piano Style	10:00 Outlook News
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	Summary
12:00 World News	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:09 British Press Review	10:45 Look Ahead
12:15 World Today	10:45 Ulster in Focus
12:30 Financial News	11:00 World News
12:40 Look Ahead	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
12:45 The Tony Myns	News Summary
Request Show	
Evening Transmission	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
1:15 Ulster in Focus	Midnight Transmission
1:30 Discovery	12:15 Talkabout
2:00 World News	12:45 Nature
2:09 News about Britain	Notebook
2:15 Alphabet of	1:00 World News
Musical Curios	1:09 World Today
2:30 Sports International	1:25 Financial News
2:40 Radio Newsreel	1:35 Book Choice
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:40 Reflections
3:45 Sports Round-up	1:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News	2:00 World News
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours:	2:09 Commentary
News Summary	2:15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1979

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈
If speaking out for a cause, place the accent on the issues and keep your personality out of it. Be cautious with extra funds.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
Possible financial benefit from career related activity now, if you stick to the facts and avoid speculative thought.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) ♊
Travel plans made in haste may have to be revised before the end of the day. Don't let hurt feelings cause you to retreat into yourself.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) ♋
Check facts and figures before launching a financial activity. Disturbing undercurrents among friends affect social life now.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌
Scattering your energies careerwise may prove unrewarding. No sense tending to business on this day when your close ones want your attention.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍
Travel plans are subject to change or disruption now. A

short spurt of work goes well, but you may not accomplish as much as you wish.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
Though you'll make a good first impression, you may have second thoughts about romantic interest. Watch out for unexpected financial expense.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏
You may have some friends over to the house, then quickly tire of their company. Your behavior with loved ones may be erratic.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐
Make your point, but try not to antagonize others. Be respectful towards those in authority, and guard against nervous tension.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑
A romantic outing may have its ups and downs because the things left unsaid. Avoid impulsive buying, as you may have second thoughts.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒
Constant interruptions from others may affect domestic concerns. You're articulate but make sure you're as tactful. Downplay ego.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓
Conversations with others are subject to misinterpretations. However, there's much you can accomplish behind the scenes. Be cautious if traveling.

قائمة الأخبار

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An established company in Jeddah has immediate vacancy for unskilled and semiskilled steel construction workers who have transferable Iqamas. Telephone 50616 Jeddah

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ALROMAIIH TRADING EST.
Announce that its Technical Manager Mr. Iqbal H. Shahzad Pakistan nationality has ended his term of employment and is leaving the country on February 10, 1979. Anyone having claims against Mr. Shahzad is requested to contact us on Telephone 40657 Jeddah before above mentioned date.

Translators Needed

The Saudi Arabian-United States Joint Commission on Economic Cooperation, Riyadh is seeking translators. Applicants must be male, highly proficient in both English and Arabic. available to work between 7:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Saturday through Wednesday. Some familiarity with accounting and auditing terms desired but not mandatory.

For additional information, please contact

Roger Beever.

telephone 25132/24029 ext. 25 or send resume to. P.O. Box 5927, Riyadh.

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Saudi Arabian Food Establishment (S.A.F.E.) announce that our employee Mr. Peuch Francis Jean Jacques has lost his French passport No. 83-2565 dated 25 March 1975 issued in Toulon.

Anyone finding it should please, return to us. Our address is Kilo 10 Medina Road or to the French Embassy in Jeddah.

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PASSPORT LOST
Somali Passport No. 49132/3 issued at Mogadishu on 1-6-76 by Riyadh Iqama No. 1/9029 Ahmed Sabal Mahmud, has been lost. Finder please deliver to Somali Embassy - Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
A Pakistani Passport No. AF 70889 issued at Karachi to Mr. Zafar Husain Siddiqui has been lost. Finder please contact on Telephone Nos. 70105 and 70698 Jeddah.

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YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO

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GREEN VALLEY (lash) from USA	VOY 22 OUT	4.2.79
ATLANTIC FOREST (lash) from USA & EUROPE	VOY 73 OUT	19.2.79
OAK (container/lash) from EUROPE	VOY 5 OUT	22.2.79

NOTE:- The Ship or Her Agents will not be responsible in any respect for Consignees failure to take delivery order for their cargo immediately.

Yusuf Bin Ahmed Kanoo

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PAGE 14

Late News

Heads for last stop

Teng cheers Texas rodeo

HOUSTON, Feb. 3 (AP) — Chinese Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-ping got back to serious business Saturday after a day of fun and contrast that included a space shuttle, a wild west rodeo and a cowboy hat. Teng had breakfast with a group of about 50 editors and publishers Saturday morning and prepared for a tour of the Hughes Tool Co. before leaving Houston for Seattle, the last stop of his American visit. The night before, the vice premier watched with glee as cowboys tested wild horses

and angry bulls. He was given a prize bull to take home. He applauded frequently throughout.

Teng told the editors and publishers Saturday that China is trying its best to help Cambodia resist Vietnamese aggressors. He said China's ability to help was restricted by unspecified conditions, but he said the Cambodians were putting up a hard fight and deserved more effective support.

Although Teng did not provide details, China is reportedly shipping weapons and

supplies to Cambodia and is also massing troops along its border with Vietnam, which invaded Cambodia in December.

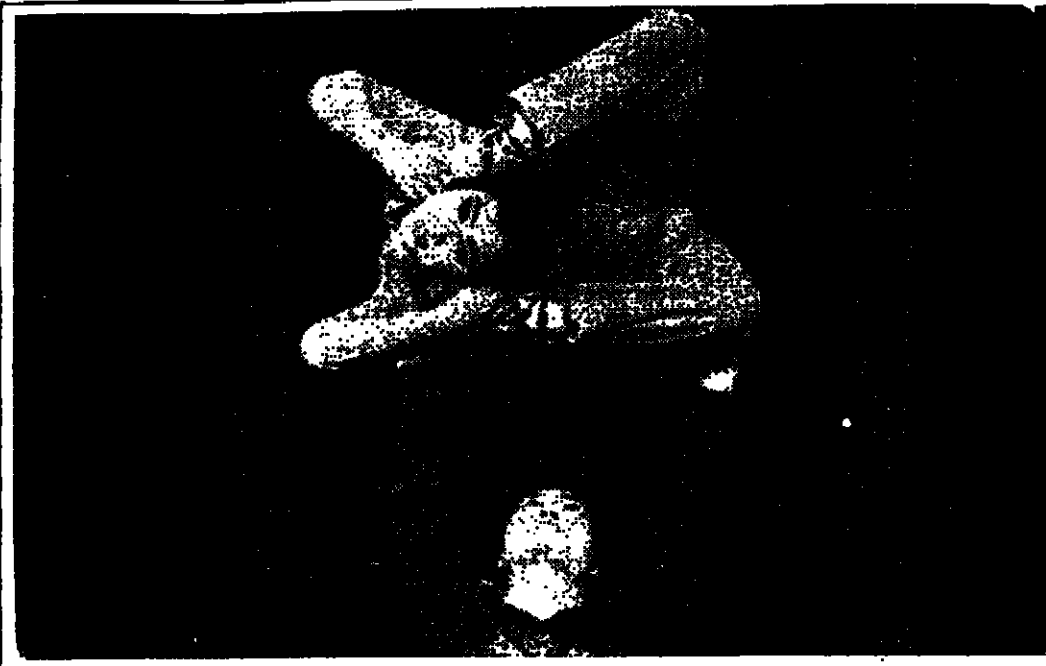
Teng said that he hoped China would become an oil-exporting nation to rival the members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. He said that it was impossible to say precisely how much oil China might have for export in the future.

The breakfast was open to the press, but no direct quotation of Teng's remarks was allowed.

On Friday, Teng piloted a simulator of the space shuttle that will carry men into the galaxy and rode in a replica of the stagecoach that helped America tame the west.

The diminutive Chinese leader and his party attended a barbecue and rodeo at Simonton, 50 miles northwest of Houston, where he stood to hear the reading of the "Cowboys' Prayer."

Teng, apparently wasn't aware of the prayer's reference to the "last roundup in the sky." His interpreter didn't translate it.



ACROBATICS: Shanghai acrobats, some of the best in a country famed for its artists, perform in China's most populous city. Once merely street carnival troupes, the government encourages the art. Many of the groups have toured abroad. Vice Premier Teng Saturday watched an American equivalent, a Texas rodeo, during his tour of the United States.—(AP wirephoto)

Ruling on appeal expected

Bhutto supporters rounded up

ISLAMABAD, Feb. 3 (R) — Police rounded up supporters of condemned ex-Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto

in a sweep across the country Saturday before the Supreme Court gives its ruling on his appeal against the death sentence.

No official estimates were available of the number of people arrested but reliable reports said there could be hundreds.

In Karachi, one of the potential trouble-spots, if the court confirms Bhutto's death sentence, police were told to keep their cells empty if possible, apparently to prepare for further arrests.

The round-up followed the normal pattern of Pakistan's military regime. Several hundreds, if not thousands, were detained immediately before Bhutto's conviction and sentence last March.

There is no official indication when the Supreme Court will give its ruling on whether Bhutto, 51, should be hanged for ordering the assassination of a political opponent.

Rhodesia dominated Owen's talks in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 (Agencies)—British Foreign Secretary David Owen was due to hold a press conference Saturday after two days of Anglo-U.S. talks on world issues dominated by the problem of a peaceful transfer of power in Rhodesia.

Owen and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance were to discuss an Anglo-American plan for Rhodesia which would associate five of Rhodesia's neighbors with the change to black majority rule.

But a State Department spokesman held out little prospect of the stalled Anglo-American plan moving again. Both Britain and the U.S. still felt, however, that the plan was the best possible way to bring about a peaceful settlement in Rhodesia.

The two men had dinner together Friday night after a two-hour meeting which proved inconclusive. Earlier they had joined President Carter and leading U.S. officials at a memorial service for Nelson Rockefeller in New York.

"We spent some time on Africa," Owen said after Friday's talks. "It was a general roundup."

The United States and Britain want the black guerrilla forces and the Rhodesian trans-



David Owen

sitional government to work out a peaceful settlement, but Premier Ian Smith has tried to promote his own internal settlement with black moderates in Rhodesia.

State department spokesman Rodding Carter said another issue being discussed was sending a United Nations presence to Namibia (South West Africa) to monitor election and independence there.

Owen reportedly told a group of U.S. Senators Friday that the United States and Great Britain should let even in southern Africa run the own course, rather than try to influence them.

Colombo welcomes Morarji Desai visit

COLOMBO, Feb. 3 (AP) — Indian Prime Minister Morarji Desai arrived Saturday to a warm welcome as a controversy developed on the attitude of Sri Lanka's two major opposition parties to his visit.

The daily newspaper, "Dinakar," published by former Prime Minister Srimavu Bandaranaike's Sri Lanka Freedom Party (SLFP), said in an editorial that the gloss was wearing thin on the Janata Party's election victory. The Indian people realized they had replaced Mrs. Gandhi with a "first class reactionary."

But in an official statement issued by the SLFP, the party said its parliamentarians, including Mrs. Bandaranaike and her son, Anura, will be attending a special session of parliament next Tuesday when Desai will deliver a formal address.

The SLFP said that its decision was influenced by respect for parliamentary traditions, the esteem with which the party parliament members held the Indian prime minister and the close relations between the people of the two countries.

Meanwhile, the country's only domestic news agency published a report from Jaffna, the capital of the minority Tamil-dominated Northern Province, that parliamentarians belonging to the Tamil United Liberation



Morarji Desai

Front (TULF), will walk out if Desai makes any critical reference to their demand for a separate state for Sri Lanka Tamils at Tuesday's special meeting of parliament. This was denied by TULF leader Appapillai Amirthalingam.

Desai's opposition to separatist movements in India is well known and the Sri Lanka government has used his viewpoint as a counter to the TULF demand for a separate state for the country's Tamils. They share language and religious ties with the Tamils of south India.

On Friday, President Junius Richard Jayewardene told a public meeting in a Colombo suburb that Desai has said that he is opposed to separatist demands and that they would not be tolerated within India.

Guyana court ends Jones' son hearing

GEORGETOWN, Feb. 3 (AP) — A preliminary hearing into murder charges against Peoples Temple cultists Charles Beikman and Stephan Jones, son of cult leader Jim Jones, has ended.

Magistrate Prem Persaud reserved until next Tuesday a decision on whether the prosecution had shown that the state had enough evidence to bring the two men to trial in the deaths of Sharon Amos and her three children last Nov. 18.

The four were slashed to death at Temple headquarters here hours after more than 900 cultists died in a bizarre murder-suicide at their jungle settlement 240 kilometers to the northwest.

Prosecutor Carlton Weithers said he accepted as fact Jones' contention that he was not in the building at the time of the murder.

But Weithers maintained that Jones had "procured, advised and commissioned" Beikman to murder the Amos family, and said Jones' dramatic courtroom statement that he had committed the murders had to be taken into account.

Jones made that statement while being questioned as a prosecution witness in an earlier hearing for Beikman.

Jones said after he was charged that he made the remark because Weithers was "irritated."

"I am sure that it was ob-

vious to all that I made the statement in reaction to the prosecutor's manner," Jones said in a statement to police that was introduced in the hearing.

A statement by Beikman, introduced Friday over strong defense objections, placed Beikman in the bathroom where the Amos family died.

In his statement Beikman said he had been ordered by Sharon Amos, who had allegedly already killed two of her children, to slash the throat of nine-year-old Stephanie Jones, who was also in the room.

"I started but could not carry on," Beikman's statement said.

Australian XI pair hit out in Packer finale

SYDNEY, Feb. 3 (AP) — The \$61,000 World Series Cricket grand finale was evenly balanced after an enthralling second day's play at the Sydney Cricket Ground Saturday.

Thanks almost entirely to a 134-run partnership between David Hookes and Bruce Laird the Australians reached 198 for six at the close of play, a lead of 202 runs with four wickets in hand and two days to play.

The Australians suffered two collapses in their innings and, but for the vigilance of Hookes and Laird, would have been almost down for the count.



WIDOW: Mrs. Happy Rockefeller, widow of Nelson, leaves the memorial service for her husband who died at the age of 70 last Friday of a heart attack. The service was held at New York's R.I. versus Church. (AP wirephoto)

From page one

Carter

closed that he had sent a message to President Carter last year accusing him of going back on his original Middle East policy.

In the message he said Carter had at first supported a national homeland for the Palestinians, but had then settled for the self-rule plan agreed at the Camp David summit.

Arafat said Egypt's temporary absence from the confrontation against Israel "can only be compensated by Iraq utilizing its army and economic resources...since it is the second richest Arab oil country."

"This is the Arab nation's only strategic compensation for the temporary absence of the Egyptian revolution," he added.

Khomeini

really necessary to go back to the middle ages or to the sources of Islam to purify the country, as is being said?"

In Tehran, Khomeini, who triumphantly returned from 14 years of exile said his provisional government would prepare for a national referendum, "to ratify the new constitution for an Islamic republic, which already is prepared."

Khomeini, previously had spoken of forming a constituent assembly to draft the new constitution, but this intermediary step now has apparently been dropped.

The provisional government, he said, would be appointed by "the chairman of the revolutionary council," apparently himself. Although one of his top aides said earlier that Khomeini told reporters Friday that revolutionary council, Khomeini told reporters today that members of the council already had been selected. But he declined to name them.

On Friday, Khomeini turned

down Bakhtiar's offer to meet and "find a political solution to the present problems of the country." An aide said Khomeini's position was "that as long as Bakhtiar does not resign there will be no meeting."

Iraqi

The prince said discussions between the two ministries have been going for several years and have helped considerably in solving problems and overcoming obstacles.

Later in the evening, Prince Navef gave a dinner banquet in honor of the Iraqi minister at the armed forces officers' club which was attended by Prince Sattam, deputy governor of Riyadh and Prince Abdullah ibn Mubarak governor of the northern frontier district and a number of senior officials and officers.

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